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Beta Grapes

*The Most Popular Grape
for the Northwest*

See Page 22

Season
of
1926



Haralson Apple

*The Great Large, New
Winter Apple for
Minnesota.*

See Page 9

BRAND NURSERY CO.

FARIBAULT, MINN.

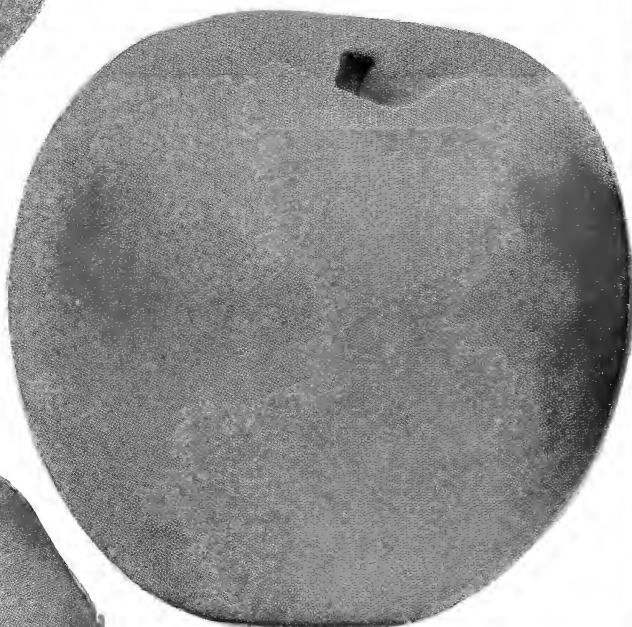
Oldest Nursery in Minnesota

Established in 1867

Duchess.
(See page 5 for description)



Wealthy.
(Complete description on page 6)



Delicious.
(See description on page 7)



Malinda.
(For description see page 7)

Business Methods and Suggestions

INTRODUCTION. In presenting our 1926 catalog of fruits and shrubs we wish to thank our customers for their liberal patronage of the past, and solicit their valued business.

We sell only through this catalog and our prices in most cases are just half of what agents ask for the same size stock. We can do this on account of not having to pay the agents' commissions of 40% to 50%. We have no agents selling for us but many times certain men claim to be selling for us just to secure the business. Please remember that our 59 years in the nursery business means that you are getting the benefit of years of experience and you can depend upon it that we will supply you with stock that will give you complete satisfaction.

BRAND NURSERY CO., H. S. Robilliard.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY. Those who have not dealt with us before and wish to learn of our reputation and honesty as nurserymen we will refer you to the Farmers & Merchants State Bank, The Citizens National Bank, Security National Bank, or the Chamber of Commerce, of our city. In writing to any of the above please enclose a stamped envelope for reply.

Location. We are located 10 blocks east of the main avenue, in Faribault, on Division St., or just four blocks east of the St. Lucas Hospital.

Size of Order. We cannot accept orders for less than \$1.00. It requires just as much office work to make up a 50c order as it does to make up a \$5.00 one and almost as much work to pack it, so we cannot accept any order for less than \$1.00.

Keep a Copy of Your Order so you may check goods received and know whether or not your order has been filled correctly.

Order Sheet. Kindly use the sheet fastened in this book. It makes it handier for you and easier for us in filling orders.

Premiums. It is necessary to do considerable office work on all orders before sending them to the packing department. Early orders make it possible for us to accomplish this work before the Spring rush. Therefore we offer a special discount on all orders amounting to \$6.00 or more, if sent in before March 1st. On orders amounting to \$6.00 or more you may select one 5-6 foot Plum tree of any of the following New Minnesota varieties: Monitor, La Crescent, Golden Rod, and Winona. If your order amounts to \$12.00 and is received before March 1st you can select two trees of any of the above varieties. In other words, for each \$6.00 worth of nursery stock ordered you can select one large tree as premium. On orders received after March 1st we are going to allow a discount of one 5-6 foot Plum tree for each \$9.00 order received, or if the order amounts to \$18.00 you can select two trees of the above varieties etc. Order early and let us have your entire order, it helps you and it helps us.

Care of Stock on Arrival. As soon as stock and plants arrive they should be unpacked and the roots submerged in a tub of water for twenty-four hours. Then the plants should be planted without letting the roots dry at all. Unless you plant when soil is wet, use one-half bail of water in the hole where each grape vine, currant, gooseberry, raspberry bush, etc., is planted, and a full pail of water for each apple, plum and cherry tree, etc. Put the plant in the hole, fill hole half full of dirt and then tramp this soil about the roots as hard as you can with your full weight and the heel of your shoe. Then pour in the water and wait until this entirely soaks into the soil. Then fill the hole with dirt and tramp again, then fill about the tree or plant with loose soil and leave it loose.

Cultivate once a week from the time you plant until July 15, either with a horse cultivator or by hoeing deep. Follow these instructions and you will not lose a plant.

Strawberries, when received, should be opened at once. Don't leave the package of plants down cellar for a few days. They should be set out immediately. Never set Strawberries on new land or sod land until at least one crop has been grown. In order to succeed with everbearing Strawberries, they should be planted in rich, mellow soil that is free from coarse manure.

Additional directions for care of stock will be found on the reverse side of shipping tags.

Our Guarantee. Our orders are filled by experienced help and we use every effort to have every order filled with stock true to name and in the best possible condition. We guarantee every order to be in good growing condition when it is delivered.

We agree to replace all trees and shrubs which fail to grow at one-half price, if we are notified of such failure before July 15th, following receipt of stock. This guarantee does not apply to Black-

berries, Strawberry plants, Peonies or any stock unless directions for planting are carefully followed.

Remittance. Our reputation as honest and reliable nurserymen can be learned from any bank or trust company, or from your neighbors. Remit with your order postoffice money order, express order, draft, or check. On checks allow ten cents above the amount of order for exchange. If you send cash or stamps, please register your letter.

How to Find the Number of Plants Required for an Acre. A square acre is 209 feet on a side. The number of square feet in an acre is 43,560. Divide this amount by the number of square feet required for each plant. Thus, to find how many currants are required for an acre planted 4 feet by 6 feet: 6 times 4 equals 24; 43,560 divided by 24 equals 1,815, the number required for an acre.

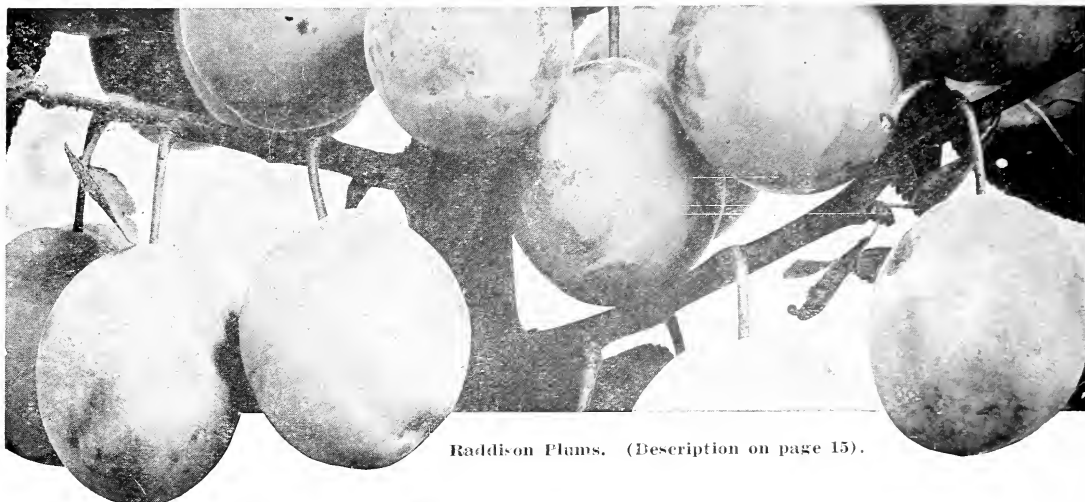
In our Northwestern States, fruit trees do not grow to be as large as in the Southern and Eastern States, and can therefore be planted closer. We have adopted the distances here given, the same as used by the Minnesota Horticultural Society, but in Southern localities, it will be best to plant farther apart.

	Per Acre
Apples, 20 by 22 feet	100
Cherries, 16 by 16 feet	170
Plums, 16 by 16 feet	170
Peaches, 16 by 16 feet	170
Pears, 16 by 16 feet	170
Blackberries, 4 by 6 feet	1,815
Rewberries, 3 by 6 feet	2,420
Currants, 4 by 6 feet	1,815
Gooseberries, 4 by 6 feet	1,815
Grapes, 8 by 8 feet	680
Juneberries, 4 by 6 feet	1,815
Strawberries, 1 by 4 feet	10,890
Asparagus, 1 by 2½ feet	17,424
Rhubarb, 3 by 6 feet	2,420

Method of Shipment. Most of the orders are shipped express and transportation charges are paid by the customer unless special arrangements are made. We can ship apple trees by parcel post providing the package is not too large. Two or three 4-5 foot trees, or four to five 3-4 foot trees can be sent by parcel post. Our customers should however, allow parcel post charges, varying from 25c to 50c, and we will refund the difference after the shipment has gone forward, or write for the balance postage due. We have a great many requests from our customers to ship a few trees by parcel post even though it is necessary for us to cut them down to the proper size. We are glad to do this if we can get them down to the 72-inch limit without spoiling the tree. In arriving at this 72-inch limit the parcel post department will measure the length of the entire bundle, plus the circumference at the butt of the package. If you want your shipment to go by mail please be sure to add parcel post charges. Occasionally we are asked to make shipment C. O. D., but we do not like to do this. But in case we do accept order to be C. O. D., we insist on half-payment before shipment is made.

Seeds. Fortunately we have some high quality Seed Corn and Alfalfa Seed for Spring delivery. If you are at all interested it will pay you to write us for prices and samples. We know we can please you, and you will find our prices are right.

Fall Business. Although we have not shipped nursery stock to any extent in the Fall in past years, we are now in a position to take care of some Fall orders. For those that know how to handle nursery stock, with the exception of certain varieties, this is just as good a time for planting out as in the Spring. If you are interested in stock for Fall delivery let us have a list of your wants, or send us your orders from this catalog.



Raddison Plums. (Description on page 15).

About Us and Our Work

Early History. This nursery was established by O. F. Brand in 1867. Mr. Brand was a pioneer nurseryman of Minnesota, and in fact, this is the oldest nursery in the state. Up until 1900 it was under the management of O. F. Brand, but at that time he took into partnership with him A. M. Brand, his son. This partnership was continued to 1911 when O. F. Brand, because of advanced age, retired from the business and moved to California, where he passed away in January 1921. In 1924 the business passed into the hands of its present owner, H. S. Robilliard, who has been in the seed and nursery business for the past eight years. The business has not been changed in location, the packing sheds are just four blocks east of the St. Lucas Hospital, and ten blocks east of Main St., on Division St.

Early Method of Doing Business. Up to and including the year 1918 a large number of agents were employed, and our business covered more or less thoroughly the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin and North and South Dakota. The business was done on a purely agency basis, all stock being sold to customers through agents. This was a very satisfactory way of doing business until the coming of the war. At this time the increased cost of labor and materials made it necessary to increase the cost of everything including nursery stock. About the same time the automobile came into general use and livery stables ceased to do business. This made it necessary to provide our agents with expensive automobiles. Then, too, hotel rates and railroad fares became almost prohibitive. This increased cost of production and distribution made the cost of nursery stock to farmers enormously high. Since the war closed the prices of farm products have decreased rapidly, while the conditions that have made nursery stock high have remained practically unchanged.

Our New Method of Doing Business. We decided four years ago that the only way to bring nursery stock within the reach of the farmer was to cut out the commissions and expenses of agents. So year before last for the first time we employed no agents and began selling directly to the consumer. By ordering your stock through this catalog you get it at just about one-half the price that must be charged if sold through an agent. We want to emphasize that you receive exactly the same grade of stock that you would receive if you were paying twice the price to an agent.

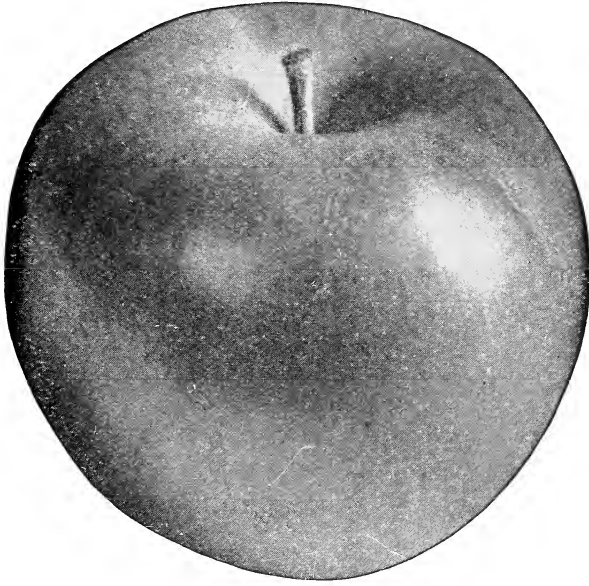
Right here we wish to give you a comparison of these two methods of doing business. Nursery stock will always be sold through agents and through catalog. The great advantage that the agent has over the catalog house is that he is right there on the ground and usually sells a very large order, forcing the items onto the customer that he would not otherwise think of buying. When the customer buys through the catalog he selects just the items he wants, nothing more, and gets the same quality stock that he would receive from an agent. The big saving which the catalog house makes to the customer is the agents' commission of 40 to 50 per cent. Some agents receive only 40 per cent, but most of them receive as high as 50 per cent, that is if they

sell \$100.00 worth of stock they receive 50 per cent of the sale. You can now readily see why an agent will endeavor to sell as much as he possibly can to each customer. Further he will use almost any means possible to get a prospect to buy from him. We have had customers write in and tell us some of the ridiculous stories that different agents have told them about our nursery. Some will claim that we purchase all of our stock from them, others will say that they are selling stock for us. These of course, are untruths. We sell no nursery stock through agents, and we do not buy all of our stock from any nursery. You will receive just as high quality stock from us as from any nursery selling through an agent, and we have had this proven to us time and time again. Agents usually have very little to say where the customer of ours shows him the nice stock that has been received from us. We believe that our present method of doing business far excels the employing of agents. These unscrupulous agents will time and again beat their own nursery company out of the first collections. Also they will make collections and never turn them over to the company that they are working for. We know that you will be satisfied with our stock and our method of doing business.

Why You Are Safe in Buying Nursery Stock From Us. You are buying from a firm that has been growing nursery stock and selling it through the Northwest for fifty-nine years. You are buying from a nursery that has built up during all these years a reputation for fair and square dealing second to that of no nursery in the Northwest. Fifty-nine years devoted to the business has enabled us to perfect an organization that is bound to give our customers the best of service.

These fifty-nine years have also enabled us to gather about us a corps of thoroughly practical nursery help, the most of our men having been with us in the neighborhood of twenty years. During the course of all these years we have built up immense storage buildings with packing rooms attached so that all of our operations in the handling of the stock which we send out are carried on under cover from the time it is dug until it is ready for shipment. These buildings are insulated, having two air spaces in the walls and ceilings. This gives us control of temperature conditions so we are enabled to deliver stock in the very best of condition.

This Year's Business. Profiting by three years' experience in the catalog business we intend to make this year a better one. We have been very careful in the grading of our stock and in the handling of it so as to conserve its utmost vitality that we may pass it on to our customers in the very best possible condition. We intend that orders shall be filled by old and experienced help to reduce the chances of mistakes to a minimum. Many wrote us last year that they never received stock in such splendid condition. This was because of the careful attention given by us to the packing of every individual order. We assure you this coming season the same care and attention will be given your order, no matter how small it may be.



Northwestern Greening.

Fall Apples

ANISIM.* Season, October and November. The trees commence to bear when very young and bear regularly enormous crops of beautiful fruit. The Apples are of medium size, roundish conical, and of a dark red color, overlaid with a blue bloom, and starred with minute white dots, fine grained, juicy, pleasant, sub-acid. One of the best and most profitable kinds for the Northwest.

HIBERNAL.* Season, October and November. Origin Russia. Very valuable in the extreme North; it will succeed in localities where no other Apple lives. Tree vigorous, very productive. Fruit large, irregular, oblate, greenish yellow with a dull bronze, mixed with red on sunny side, and a large patch of russet radiating out irregularly over nearly the entire base. This variety should be more widely planted than it is as it is one of the best cooking Apples grown and is especially good for pies. The trees grow to immense size in the North and are to be depended on to produce great crops of fruit where all other kinds fail to thrive. Also extensively used as a stock to grow more tender sorts on.

OKABENA.* Season, September to October. Originated in Minnesota and is one of the best Apples for the Northwest. Tree very hardy and productive, bears young, and is free from blight. Fruit medium to large, slightly flattened, yellow, striped and splashed with red; unexcelled in quality. Valuable for all purposes.

PATTEN'S GREENING.* Season, October and November. A seedling of Duchess, very productive, an early and regular bearer. Fruit large, oblate; skin yellowish green with dull bronze bluish and minute greenish dots. Flesh white, juicy, slightly sub-acid, good for table and excellent for cooking. This is one of the best Fall Apples for the Northwest where an extremely hardy tree is desired.

PEERLESS.* Season, October to January. Fine, vigorous, upright trees; very hardy, blight proof. Fruit medium to large, of a greenish color, thinly striped with dull red, juicy and of fine quality. A splendid Apple both for cooking and eating from hand. This variety is very desirable for locations where it is hard to grow Apples. This variety is as hardy as the Hibernial and a much finer Apple.

WEALTHY.* Season, October to January. A vigorous, spreading grower, very productive and hardy. Fruit above medium to large, oblate, very regular, smooth, light yellow, almost wholly covered with bright red splashes and stripes. A beautiful fruit. Flesh white, often stained with red, tender, very juicy, slightly sub-acid, very good for table use and for cooking. The Wealthy should be in every orchard. It is one of the choicest of all Apples.

Winter Apples

SALOME.* Season, January to May. Does remarkably well in the Northwest. Tree is a hardy, vigorous grower, bears young and very abundantly. Its hardiness, good quality, and uniform size recommend it. Fruit round, of medium size. Skin pale yellow, shaded and splashed with red. The flesh is whitish yellow, tender and juicy. The best very late Winter Apple for Minnesota.

BALDWIN. A large, dark red Apple. Flesh yellowish white, with an agreeable mild acid yet very agreeable flavor. Season, November to March. Where this variety does well, it is one of the most profitable and extensively grown of all Apples.

BLACK BEN DAVIS. Season, December to April one of the most productive and profitable varieties grown. Trees rapid and upright growers. Fruit large and conical in shape. Color an all-over dark deep red. Flesh white and although not of the finest quality still they taste mighty good when all other Apples are gone. Will bear when all others fail.

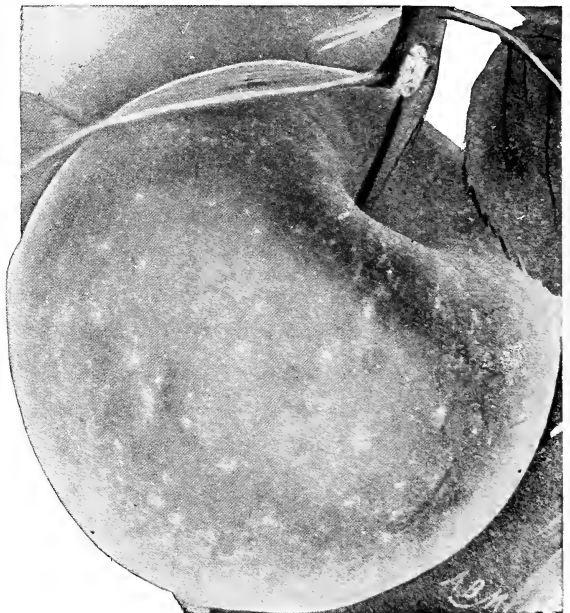
LONGFIELD.* A splendid medium sized Apple that always does wonderfully well in Minnesota. Ripens in the late Fall and keeps well into the Winter. Color deep green turning to yellow, with pink cheek when fully ripe. Flesh firm, crisp, and juicy. An Apple of a very pleasant flavor. Bears immense crops when all others fail.

Brand Nursery Co.

Dec. 18, 1924.

The trees I received from you were all in fine shape when they came. I wish to thank you for sending trees true to name; so many nurseries send anything at all but true-to-name stock.

MRS. FRED LEUTLOFF,
St. Anne, Ill.



Salome Apple.

APPLES—Continued

DELICIOUS. Season, December to April. Tree bears young and annually, seldom blights. The fruit is large, distinctive in shape, conical, beautiful in color, brilliant dark red blending to yellow at blossom end. Flavor is sweet, slightly acid, with a delightfully fragrant aroma. Tree reported perfectly hardy in Iowa, Wisconsin, South Dakota, Montana, etc., having withstood a temperature of 35 to 40 degrees below zero.

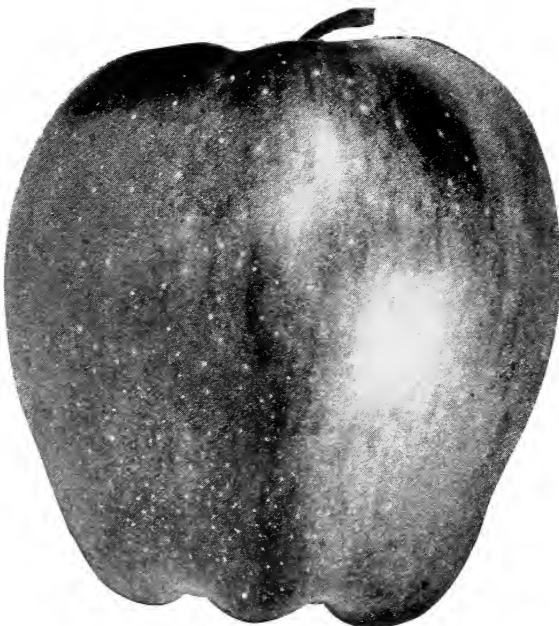
MALINDA.* A thrifty, spreading crab-like growing tree that makes a splendid orchard tree and is very hardy when once established. As the tree takes on age, it becomes a very heavy bearer of medium-sized fruit of beautiful yellow color when fully ripe. Many people call this the pear Apple. A mild flavored, nearly sweet Apple very much liked by most people in the Spring when it becomes mellow and fully ripe. The demand for the Malinda is very great and orders should be placed early as our supply is limited.

JONATHAN. Season, November to January. One of the very best varieties; plant it and you'll have a surprisingly pleasing table luxury all through the Fall and early Winter. Commercially it is the best for the fancy trade during the holiday season. Brilliant red of medium size, flesh white, fine grained, juicy, tender and delightfully flavored. We cannot recommend this variety too highly.

McINTOSH RED.* A large deep crimson Apple that is very beautiful. The tree is hardy and vigorous and is found doing splendidly in the favored fruit locations of Minnesota and Wisconsin. Flesh is pure white, crisp and very tender. Flavor splendid. The McIntosh is one of the strictly finest Apples that we can grow in Minnesota and we recommend it very highly for growing in favored locations in the southern third of the state.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING.* Season, December to March. Very hardy, bears young and yields big crops of fine Apples. Fruit large to very large, oblong; transparent yellowish green. Flesh firm, juicy, sub-acid and good. A long keeper. It is claimed this tree has withstood a temperature of 50 degrees below zero without damage.

GRIMES GOLDEN. Season, November to January. The nearest to perfection of any variety now in general cultivation. In it are combined the rich aromatic flavor relished by us all and excellent culinary qualities along with a rich golden yellow color and a long season of usefulness. It is a wonderful Apple and should be planted on every farm and city lot. In the commercial orchard it does not have a peer, the market never being overstocked.



Delicious Apple.

WINESAP. One of the oldest and most popular of all our Apples. Planted extensively from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast. Does best on deep, fertile soils. Fruit medium size, conical in shape, deep, bright red. A splendid keeper in the ordinary cellar. Quality splendid.

SNOW APPLE OR FAMEUSE. Season, November to January. This is one of the finest of all Apples that can be grown in favorable locations in the North and it is only for those that do have such a favorable location that we advise its planting. Apple of medium size and produced in quantity. Flesh pure white, juicy, and crisp. Flavor of the very finest quality. If you want an extra choice Apple this is the variety. Does well in favored locations in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

STAYMAN WINESAP. A great Apple that succeeds almost everywhere in the Winter Apple regions. Equal to the Winesap in every way but color. Stayman is splashed and striped with crimson, whereas Winesap is an all-over-red Apple. Seems to prefer dry soils to those that are rich and heavy, making it a most desirable variety for general planting throughout the West and Southwest. Probably the best all-purpose variety of Apple grown.

McLEAN'S WINTER is a remarkable Apple, that originated four miles east of Faribault, Minnesota, over thirty-five years ago. The original tree still stands on the open prairie east of the city and is as sound as a dollar. Tree tall, spreading, and a rapid grower. Fruit medium in size and of excellent flavor, the flavor being similar to that of the Jonathan. Color light green, overlaid with bright dark red, making it a red Apple. The original tree, referred to above, is thirty feet high and thirty to thirty-five feet through the spread of the limbs. This single tree bore twenty-one bushels in 1913, thirty-one bushels in 1915, and twenty bushels in 1917. These Apples sold right on the place for \$1.00 per bushel, making \$72.00 taken from a single tree in three years. The fruit keeps well into the Winter. This variety is still the hardest kind that we grow in our nursery out of some forty different varieties of crabs and standard Apples. On account of the exceptionally heavy demand for McLean's last year, our stock is very low and we have only a limited supply of the 6 to 8 foot trees to offer. Order early and we will be able to supply. **Bearing size, 6 to 8 ft., selected, each, \$1.25; per 12, \$12.00.**



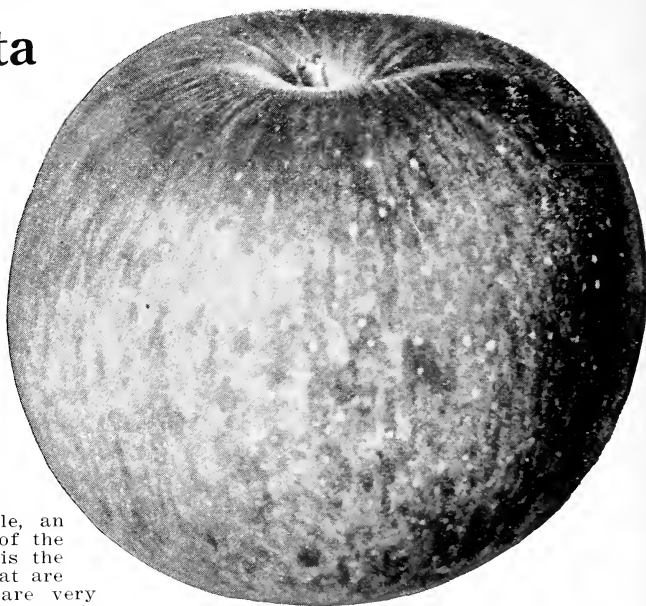
McIntosh Red Apple.

The New Minnesota Apples

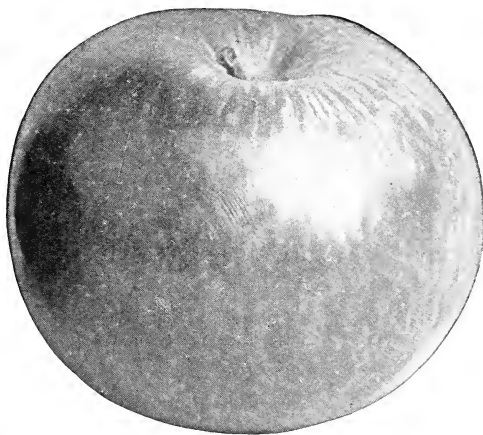
All of these new Apples, the Haralson, Erickson, Minnehaha, and Folwell should be in every orchard in the Apple regions where our catalog finds its way. They are the best of thousands upon thousands of hand-crossed seedlings brought out by the State Breeding Farm. They are the dawn of a new horticulture in the Northwest. They enable us, who live in a country that forty years ago though it could never raise anything better than the Transcendent Crab, to put in our cellars Apples that will keep as long as the best keepers of the East, and still have Apples that, in quality, will take rank with such varieties as the Spitzenberg.

Erickson

There is always a good demand and at a good price for a good very early Apple, an Apple that can be picked and gotten out of the way before the Duchess is in season. It is the very early Apples and the late varieties that are the profitable sorts in this state. We are very fortunate in having a fair stock of the new Fruit Breeding Station Apple, Erickson, to offer our customers this Spring. An Apple of immense size, almost as large as a large Wolf River, ripe before the Duchess is fit to use; tree is extremely hardy, does not blight, strong shouldered and spreading in habit, begins bearing in four-year-old trees in nursery; good all-over-red in color, much sweeter to eat than Duchess, hangs well to the tree; the best early Apple for the Northwest of any Apple we know of. We will reserve the right to substitute on these new Minnesota Apples at the close of the season when our stocks are depleted of one of the other varieties. If you do not care to have us substitute, kindly make the proper notation on your order. **Prices, 2-3 ft. trees, each 75c; 3-4 ft. trees, each 90c; 4-5 ft. trees, each \$1.25.**



Erickson App'e.



Minnehaha Apple.

Minnehaha

The tree is very vigorous, medium in size, and very hardy. Fruit medium in size, dark red all over, flesh is fine grained, tender, and very good flavor when mellowed up. Keeps perfectly until midwinter. Another of the splendid Apples sent out by the State Fruit Breeding Farm.

In making our selections of the new varieties which we are listing, we have examined these new named varieties of Apples very carefully, both in the nursery row, and at the state fair. We know that for Minnesota conditions, as yet, there are no Apples which will compare with the ones which we are listing on this page and also the new Haralson, described on page 9.

Prices, 2-3 ft. trees, each 75c; 3-4 ft. trees, each 85c; 4-5 ft. trees, each \$1.10.

Folwell (MINNESOTA NO. 237)

Another of the best of the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm's new seedlings. A seedling of the Malinda. The trees are very vigorous, free-growing, producing a well-shaped head with a strong branching habit. The limbs are strongly shouldered, so are capable of holding up large loads of fruit without danger of splitting.

One of the prominent features of the Folwell is its habit of bearing early and regularly every year. Fruit growers will appreciate this feature of getting a good crop each season instead of only every second year, as is the case with many of our old varieties.

The Folwell has borne fruit in the nursery row on trees three years old. It has proven itself to be absolutely hardy as far North as the Fruit Breeding Farm.

Fruit slightly irregular, roundish in form, very large size—about like the Northwestern Greening. It requires only a few Apples of this variety to fill a basket. The fruit is greenish yellow blushed with red, or, in well-colored specimens, nearly full red. Flesh tender, fine-grained, pleasant sub-acid, quality very good. Keeps until midwinter. Many people are supplied with Summer and Fall Apples, but need something that will keep later. The Folwell will do this. It keeps somewhat longer than the Wealthy, and ought to be planted in every orchard. Our trees are mostly budded on Hibernial bodies. **Prices, 2-3 ft. trees, each 75c; 3 to 4 ft. trees, each 90c; 4-5 ft. trees, each \$1.25.**



Folwell Apple.



The Haralson Apple

Ever since the first lover of a good Apple came into Minnesota to make that state his home there has been an increasing search for a good, real Winter Apple that was hardy enough to stand the peculiar conditions of our Winter climate. It seems that at last this much-sought-for Apple has been found. Among the many different fruits that the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm has been experimenting with, the Apple and the plum have probably received the most attention. I had the pleasure of visiting the station last Summer just at the time when the plums were at their best and when the Apples although not yet ripe were all colored up and showing to wonderful advantage. I saw many trees of Folwell and Minnehaha, two of the station's best new varieties just literally loaded with their immense crops of large, fine shaped, well colored Apples. But of all the Apples I saw in the station orchards on this trip I was most impressed with the variety named Haralson. The trees of this variety were younger than those of the other sorts and because of this not so large, but every tree was loaded with every Apple it could well carry. And such Apples. Great big red fellows that just made one's mouth water to look at them. I had heard of the Haralson for several years and had noticed it at the Winter meetings and was very much impressed with its appearance and keeping qualities, so much so that I was keeping very close track of the Apple and when I received word from Secretary McIntosh of the State Horticultural Society in March that they had some specimens in the cellar and that if I would come up we would sample them, I jumped at the suggestion and the next day found me at the University Farm. In company with Secretary McIntosh I was piloted

by Mr. Fred Haralson, now in charge of the Breeding Farm to the basement of the Horticultural Building of the University Farm and here we found several very promising new Apples at that date, March 8th, still in splendid condition. None of the Apples had been in storage. They simply lay in Apple boxes in a cold cellar, the temperature of which was regulated as best it could be by the opening and shutting of a single side window. Of all the Apples tasted, the Haralson was far and away the best. Truly an Apple of outstanding merit. The Apples were very large in size, averaging about four inches in diameter, rather flat, and of a beautiful red color. When cut the flesh was white, firm and crisp as would be a Wealthy a few days after being taken from the tree in the early Fall. And the flavor was splendid. I believe we have in this Apple all that can be desired in a Winter Apple. I have never seen or tasted a better one. It is a true Winter Apple. An Apple that will rank as to quality and appearance right up with such Apples as the Jonathan, Spitzenberg and the Delicious. Notwithstanding the fact that the trees which I saw at the Fruit Farm had been heavily cut for propagating wood during previous years, they were carrying a great crop of fruit and I felt that we were very fortunate to be in possession of a small stock of this wonderful variety to offer our customers. Don't delay ordering. We have about the same amount of stock on hand as last Spring and at that time our stock of Haralson was exhausted by April 1st.

	Each	Per 6
2-3 ft. trees	\$0.80	\$4.20
3-4 ft. trees	1.20	6.00
4-5 ft. trees	1.70	9.60



Early Strawberry Crab Apples.

Crab Apples

The hardy and improved varieties of Crab Apples some of which are of recent introduction and promise great excellence, supply a much needed want in the more northern portions of the United States and Canada, where little else in the line of fruits can be grown. And even in the more favored localities, where other fruits are grown in abundance, Crab Apples are every year becoming more esteemed and cultivated. They combine the qualities of extreme hardiness and productiveness, being capable of enduring an extremely cold climate, and bearing annually large crops of highly desirable fruit.

Their extreme hardiness, early productiveness, beauty and value for culinary purposes, as well as the value of some varieties for desserts, entitle them to a place in every garden.

Sizes and prices for Crab Apples the same as for Apple trees.

EARLY STRAWBERRY.* Season, August. Tree hardy, spreading, very productive and the earliest of all to ripen; the fruits are of medium size, greenish yellow with carmine stripes and splashes and of a mild, sweet flavor; one of the best crabs for eating. An old-time favorite in the Northwest.

DARTT.* Tree a rapid, upright grower and very hardy. Comes into bearing very young and bears great crops of crabs about the size of the Transcendent. Fruit conical, color yellowish green overlaid with a blush of bright red with minute white spots. Good to eat from the hand. A splendid pickling crab.

MINNESOTA. Season, October and November. This is probably the hardiest and will do the best the farthest North of all crab trees. Color a pale yellow covered with dull greenish blotches. When fully ripe a splendid crab to eat. Grows to a good size. Essentially an eating and cooking crab.

SWEET RUSSET. Season, August. Produces large fruit, especially when cultivated. Apple in color is bright yellow overlaid with russet. Is sweet in flavor and exceptionally good eating. Also makes good cider. Fruit hangs well to tree.

FLORENCE.* Originated by Peter McGideon who produced the Wealthy Apple. Tree a low spreading grower. Comes into bearing at three years old and bears almost every year immense crops of bright, red fruit. About same size as Transcendent. The most successful crab for the far North. Very hardy. Does not blight. We advise this crab very strongly for the northern half of Minnesota and Wisconsin.

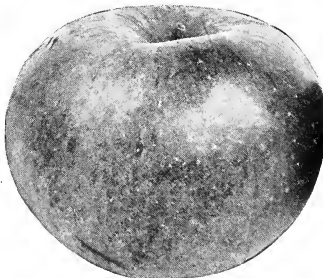
KYSLOP.* Season September and October. A nice sized crab of a deep crimson color, that when fully ripened becomes so dark as to be almost black. Flesh fine grained, yellow and tart. A great crab for pickles and jelly

FARIBAULT (Hybrid). Season, November to February. A large handsome hybrid, red over greenish yellow ground. Tree upright, vigorous, hardy, very free from blight. A splendid variety, which originated here at Faribault, and has given the Northwestern planter the utmost satisfaction. This kind has proven itself through continued trials here in the North to be the most hardy of any variety of crabs which we have to offer. The trees grow to an immense size and are annual and heavy bearers. The crabs are large in size and splendid keepers. Very desirable to eat in the middle of Winter.

RED SIBERIAN.* Season, November to February. This is one of the extremely hardy varieties which we recommend for planting in the most northern localities. The fruit is bright, dark red in color; rather small; conical in shape and splendid for making jellies. This tree with the bright red berries holding on until late Fall makes a very ornamental background, also an ornamental combination for lawn planting. The bark of the tree is a purplish red. We have the 5-6 ft. stock only.

TRANSCENDENT.* Grows into an immense great tree that with us often produces 20 bushels of fine fruit to the tree per year. Color bright dark red. Crisp and juicy. When canned, preserved or pickled, this is the finest flavored of all crab Apples. Strictly first class.

WHITNEY.* A universal favorite. Tree a rapid, upright grower. A young and annual bearer of immense crops of dark red fruit. This crab where well cared for runs fairly large. Fruit conical and sweet. One of the best for making sweet pickles. A very nice fruit to eat direct from the tree.



Whitney Crab Apple.

Compass Cherry Plum

No one fruit that has ever been brought out, with the possible exception of the Wealthy Apple, has brought more blessings to the Middle Northwest than has the Compass Cherry. Where no other good Cherry can be grown, the Compass does well. It seems to do equally well in the far North, on the prairies of Southern Manitoba and Saskatchewan, in Montana, North and South Dakota, and throughout Western Minnesota. It will stand a Winter temperature of 60 degrees below freezing, and bear a full crop of fruit the next season. This Cherry was originated at Springfield, Minnesota, and is a cross between the native Sand Cherry and the American Plum. It is larger than the Richmond Cherry, and is about the same bright red color. In quality it is good, with a different flavor from any Cherry or Plum.

It is fine for canning and preserving. Compass Cherry Plum ripens in July, before any of the Hansen Plums are ripe. It comes into bearing when only two years old, as a rule, and never fails to bear an enormous crop of fruit. In the Summer of 1923 we picked five bushels of Compass Cherries from the small three-year-old trees standing in the nursery row. The very same size trees that we are delivering to our customers this Spring. We canned two bushels for our own use.

There is no question about this fruit being of excellent quality.

Those who come from the section where the Early Richmond or Montmorency are grown in larger quantities, consider the sauce of the Compass Cherry equal in quality, flavor, and sweetness to the sauce of the former varieties.

We highly recommend to our customers who intend to plant Zumbras, that they put in Compass Cherries as a fertilizer.

The tree presents a very beautiful appearance when the fruit is ripe, as the branches are simply masses of bright red fruit. The fruit brings a good market price, and there has never been enough of it to supply the demand. Compass should be in every garden and orchard.

Prices as follows:

	Each	Per doz.
3-4 ft. trees	\$0.55	\$5.50
4-5 ft. trees .....	.75	7.50
5-6 ft. trees .....	.95	9.50



Zumbra Cherry

The Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm has not only given us some wonderful new plums that are as fine as anything that comes from California, but it has also originated a new Cherry. The fruit of this new Cherry is much like the great black sweet Cherries that come to us in little boxes from the Pacific Coast and for which we willingly pay forty cents a pound.

We have been blessed for a long time with the Compass Cherry but this is a red Cherry and the fruit when made into sauce resembles that of the sour or Early Richmond type of Cherries.

The Zumbra Cherry was brought about in the first place by crossing the wild red Cherry of our northern woods, pin Cherry, with a large black sweet Cherry like the Bing. This cross gave us a tree that bore at the station in one year about a thousand Cherries. This tree stood by the side of a row of Western Sand Cherries the year it bore its crop of fruit. The fruit of this cross-bred tree was saved and the pits planted. Many of the pits germinated and out of the resulting seedlings came one seedling that was very noticeable. It was saved and tried out over a very large territory and found very desirable and hardy, growing away up in Manitoba. This Cherry was named the Zumbra.

The Zumbra ripens in August and in size, color, appearance, and flavor resembles the great black sweet Cherries shipped in here from Oregon and California. The fruit reaches an inch in diameter and is borne on one-year-old wood. The color is very dark, nearly black; flesh firm, greenish with a tinge of red. The pit is very small and separates easily from the flesh. Quality sweet and good, resembling its sweet Cherry parent. Recommended highly for sauce and preserves. When cooked the sweet Cherry flavor is especially noticeable. Zumbra hangs well to the tree and ripens over a period of three weeks. It is not subject to the brown rot.

The Zumbra is an immense bearer. It begins to bear when the tree is two years old. It is absolutely hardy and gives to us of the Northwest practically a sweet black Cherry better than heretofore we have had to import and pay almost prohibitive prices for.

We recommend planting Compass Cherry or St. Anthony Plum with the Zumbra for fertilizing purposes.

Professors Alderman and Dorsey of the Minnesota State Experimental Station and Superintendent Haralson of the Fruit Breeding Farm, state in the Minnesota Horticulturist that the Zumbra is one of the most promising of the Fruit Breeding Farm productions. This is a very strong recommendation as it comes from men who are authoritative and who have watched the Zumbra since it was originated.

We believe that there is no way in which a little extra money can be raised more easily on the farm or on small town places than by growing say a half-acre of Zumbra Cherries. There would be easy sales for the fruit at very attractive prices, at least 20 cents a quart or at \$6.40 per bushel, which means several hundred dollars clear a year per acre over and above all expenses.

There is a surplus of many items in the world. However, there is no surplus of Zumbra Cherries, nor will there be for years to come. Why not try it out? We have a fine stock of well grown Zumbra Cherry trees in the sizes quoted, but urge everyone who wants to be sure of getting these trees this Spring to order early so they will not be disappointed.

Each Per doz.

2-3 ft. trees	.....\$0.80	\$ 8.00
3-4 ft. trees	......90	9.00
4-5 ft. trees	.....1.25	12.50
5-6 ft. trees	.....1.50	15.00



Zumbra Cherries.
About $\frac{3}{4}$ actual size).

SEED CORN AND ALFALFA

Again this year we have a nice stock of Seed Corn and Alfalfa Seed of exceptional quality. If you are in the market you can save money if you place your order with us. Write for our prices before you buy. Give us an idea as to the quantity and variety that you want. Our prices are reasonable because our overhead is not as large as that of large seed houses whose expenses make it necessary for them to add an additional 30 per cent over the profit margin.

The New Minnesota Plums

These Plums have been so thoroughly tested out now that we do not hesitate at this time to advise their planting not only for the private garden where they are most desirable, but for commercial planting. These Plums should be set 17 by 18 feet apart, which takes 140 trees to the acre. In four years after setting, the yield is 70 bushels per acre. California Plums sell on our local markets when in season at \$3.00 to \$5.00 per bushel, wholesale. Figured at \$3.00 per bushel, these plums would bring \$210.00 an acre the fourth year after setting. The Plums are large and easy to pick. Our market is unlimited, right at our door, and cannot be supplied for years to come. Our farmers should turn from raising grain and selling it as they have had to for the past years at less than cost, and raise fruit like this.

For the past three years we have had a splendid chance to see what these New Plums would do on our own grounds. The trees were heavily loaded as three-year-olds, and even in 1925, a poor Plum year on account of late frosts, our trees bore a wonderful crop, and such fruit we have never raised before here in Minnesota. We have visited the State Breeding Farm several times during the past seasons and are more and more impressed each time with the great possibilities in store for those who go into the growing of these great Plums for the local markets. We believe we are safe in saying that the State Fruit Breeding Farm in 1923 produced one thousand bushels of Plums, and whenever they had time to pick the fruit they received \$5.00 per bushel for them right on the place. For those who venture into the Plum growing business throughout this section there is good money awaiting them in their undertaking. Our trees will, if cared for, bear crops the second year from planting, and by the fourth year will be in full fruit.

Put up in quart and two-quart boxes the fruit will sell readily at twenty cents per quart or \$6.40 per bushel. The Plum tree is adapted to backyard planting as well as in the farm orchard.

The people who go into these Plums for the next ten years, before too many go into them, as will quality, productiveness and hardiness. In our Minnesota climate these have done exceedingly well. We believe they will do equally well in the eastern half of South Dakota. Wherever they have been tried out farther south they have done even better than here, the fruit coming much larger. So we do not hesitate to say that through Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio, into which states our trade extends they will be exceedingly desirable fruits.

The varieties which we are listing are those which so far out of thousands of seedlings produced and tested out have proven the best in



Winona Plums.



Tonka Plum.

WINONA (Minnesota No. 30). Tree a very vigorous grower with a spreading compact top. Requires little pruning. Hardy and an annual bearer. Fruit large, yellow background, turning red when ripe, roundish, best flavor of all Station Plums, semi-cling, juicy, very sweet and of fine quality. Ripens first week in September. The excellent quality of this Plum and its firm, meaty flesh recommend it especially as a market variety.

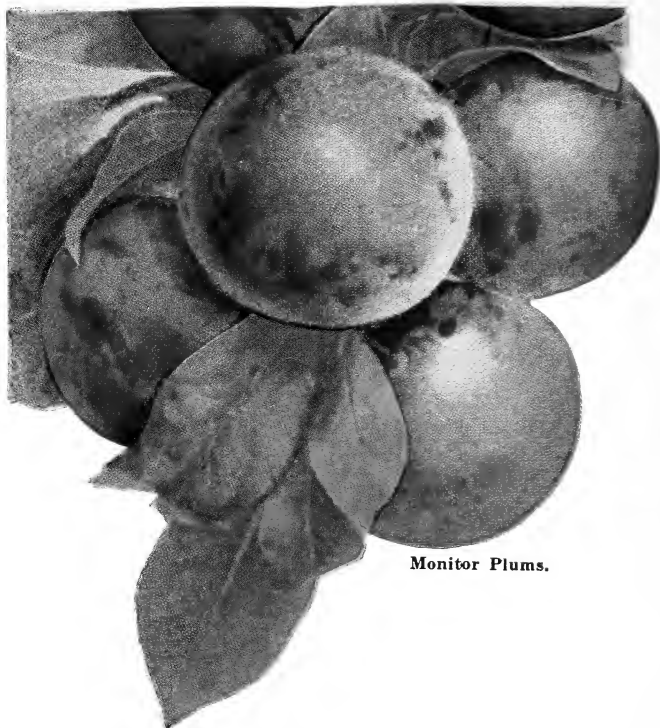
TONKA. This is the most productive of all the New Minnesota Plums. Tree begins bearing as a two-year-old, and produces great crops of fruit almost every year. Fruit is large to very large, pinkish red, covered with a blue bloom. A splendid shipping Plum—colors up fully a week before it begins to soften. Freestone. Very small pit. One of the most profitable for planting in large orchards.

	Each	Per Doz.
2-3 ft. trees	\$0.50	\$5.00
3-4 ft. trees .....	.60	6.00
4-5 ft. trees .....	.70	7.00
5-6 ft. trees .....	.80	8.00

ELLIOTT (Minnesota No. 8). The outstanding features of this variety are the fact that it can be depended upon to bear regularly and as a producer it far outshines the other kinds worthy of a place on the list of new kinds. The fruit, in color, is a yellow, overlaid with red, very firm, of excellent quality, and a very small pit. Clingstone. The tree is a strong grower, upright, spreading habit, and not liable to Winter-kill. It ripened a crop of fruit in 1921 up north of Winnipeg. Season about September 1st. This is a splendid late Plum for home use or to sell on the home market. **3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz.**

MONITOR (Minnesota No. 10). This wonderful new variety illustrated on this page is one of the very best of the new Plums. Its color, very dark red, makes it extremely attractive. The flesh is firm and is superior as an eating and cooking variety. These qualities make it a splendid shipping variety. The Monitor is an exceptionally large Plum, averaging one and one-half to one and three-fourths inches in diameter. The illustration shows the fruit undersize. The tree is unusually strong growing and naturally develops into a shapely tree without much pruning. Very strong shouldered which enables it to carry its immense loads of fruit without breaking down. It is an annual bearer, having borne a large crop every year for the past ten years, 1916-1925. **3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

GOLDENROD (Minnesota No. 120). At last we have a satisfactory yellow Plum. The fruit of the Goldenrod is almost as large as the other varieties, round and in color golden yellow, the most beautiful of all the yellow Plums. The



Monitor Plums.

flesh is firm, making it a good shipping variety, and it is good quality. The meat is sweet and moderately juicy, medium sized stone. Clingstone. If anyone wants a good yellow variety for market purposes we recommend the Goldenrod. The fruit illustrated on this page is smaller than the actual size when it ripens the latter part of August. The tree is tall, a very vigorous grower, upright in form, hardy under all conditions here in the Northwest. This is another variety which has been proven by repeated trials to be extremely productive. We have an exceptionally good stock and therefore can quote at slightly lower prices than on the other varieties. **3-4 ft. trees, 50c each; \$5.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz.**

HENNEPIN (Minnesota No. 135). This is one of the valuable new varieties sent out by the Fruit Breeding Station and is recommended both for home and market use. A Satsuma Americana Hybrid. The fruit is exceptionally large, purple fleshed and of the very best quality. The fruit is firm, dark red and is just as good for shipping as for home use. The tree is strong growing, hardy and producing immense crops. This is a midseason variety and one which is recommended especially for canning purposes. We have only the two larger sizes which we are pleased to offer as follows: **3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**



Goldenrod Plums.

UNDERWOOD (Minnesota No. 91). (In color on the outside back cover page). This is the very earliest of the large new Plums. Ripens from about August 1st to 15th and attains a size of one and three-fourths inches. The tree is one of the strongest growers of all these new Plums and gets to be very large, furnishing a large bearing surface to produce wonderful crops of beautiful fruit. Limbs well and heavily shouldered enable it to carry its great loads without injury to the tree. This is the hardiest of all these new Plums and in favored locations we do not hesitate to advise its planting far North. Fruit is very attractive; red, firm, juicy flesh, very small pit, freestone. Splendid quality. Hangs well to the tree and ripens over a period of two weeks. An annual bearer, having borne eight successive heavy crops. Last year we had an exceptionally heavy demand for the Underwood Plums and this season our stock is even of higher quality than last year. We know that what we have will satisfy our customers, and we expect that the demand will exhaust our supply before the season is over. Order early. **Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.50 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 50c each; \$9.00 per doz.**

RED WING (Minnesota No. 12). A regular bearer and hardy as far north as the Twin Cities. The fruit is very large, firm, and of the best quality; color yellow overlaid with bright red; stone small and entirely free; very sweet. An exceedingly fine eating Plum. Season, third week in August. A good shipping Plum and splendid for cooking. Very easy to peel. A wonderful Plum. Last season we sold a greater number of Red Wing than we had anticipated. This variety has been highly advertised, and, without question, is living up to its expectations. **Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 90c each; \$9.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.**



Red Wing Plums on 3-Year-Old Trees.



Mendota Plums.

RADDISON (Minnesota No. 157). (Reproduced at top of page 4). This is the earliest Plum of all new sorts, and although it may not be quite as large, still in size it compares favorably with the average of the others. The fruit is bright red, round in shape. The pit is exceptionally small, even smaller than the stone of the Sapa Plum. This feature, mingled with the fact that the Plum is medium large makes it one of the most desirable of the new kinds. It has been on the market only a short while but has been widely advertised on account of its size and the small pit. It also has a fine flavor and it has been claimed that this variety surpasses the quality of all the other New Minnesota Plums. The trees are very thrifty, fast growing, and absolutely hardy. **Prices, 2-3 ft. trees, \$1.00 each. 3-4 ft. trees, \$1.25 each. 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.50 each.**

MENDOTA (Minnesota No. 5). Another of the large New Minnesota varieties. This Plum has been given considerable prominence and the demand for it is strong, even though it has been on the market only a short time. Our stock is limited but we can supply at the following prices: **3-4 ft. trees, 90c each; 6 for \$4.50. 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.00 each; 6 for \$5.00. 5-6 ft. trees, \$1.25 each; 6 for \$6.25.**

ANOKA (Minnesota No. 18). This is a cross between the Burbank and DeSoto. The fruit is medium to large, dark red, with flesh very firm. This Plum is medium juicy, and of much higher quality than a great many of the other new kinds. It has a tendency to be late or mid-season in maturing, and the stone is medium in size. The tree is desirable in size, very vigorous, hardy and productive. The fruit is roundish-oval in shape. This is another of the new varieties about which there has been considerable talk and the demand has been heavy. Our stock is limited but we are glad to give our customers advantage of what little stock we have on hand. **Prices, 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.10.**



Hennepin Plums on 3-Year-Old Tree. See opposite page.

ST. ANTHONY (Minnesota No. 115). This remarkable fruit is a sand cherry hybrid of a breeding similar to that of the Zumbra. The tree is extremely vigorous, very hardy, and immensely productive, slightly larger than Zumbra in tree and fruit. Fruit round, dark purplish black; flesh moderately firm, juicy, and of fine quality when fully ripe. Excellent for preserving. Season, late August. We advise the planting of one tree of St. Anthony with every half dozen or dozen Zumbra planted as it blossoms at the same time and fertilizes the Zumbra blossoms. The demand for St. Anthony for the past few years has been very great on account of its acting as a fertilizer for the Zumbra. **Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

STELLA. The Stella is not one of the Minnesota Station seedlings but the station authorities have been so impressed with the good quality of this Plum that they are urging that it be planted. In sending out their list of varieties they included this Plum because of these good qualities and because of its being such a splendid kind to ship. A regular and annual bearer. Fruit large, oval, semi-clingstone. When fully ripe a dark purplish red. Flesh very firm. Quality fair. Season, September 1st. Especially desirable as a market Plum. We are not heavily stocked with this variety and those who send in early are going to be sure of getting their orders filled. **Prices, nice 3-4 ft. trees, 90c each; 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.00 each.**

LA CRESCENT (Minnesota No. 109). Early. Very vigorous. All yellow. Plum of beautiful appearance and of finest quality. Tree is very large, upright, oval head. Medium to heavily productive. Fruit is medium in size—slightly oval. Very tender, fine-grained flesh; juicy, sweet, and of the highest quality. Stone medium in size, semi-free. A very promising variety for home use because of its high dessert and cooking qualities. **Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

We are listing a great many of these New Minnesota Plums and have a good stock in all. However, we will, no doubt, exhaust the supply of some varieties at which time we will take the liberty of substituting equally good sorts, unless our customers advise us to the contrary.



Stella Plums.



St. Anthony Plums.



La Crescent Plums.

UNNAMED VARIETIES. All these New Minnesota Plums which we are offering are crosses between the great California Plums and our native stock, mostly the Wolf. From their native parentage they have the hardiness to withstand the rigors of the northern climate, and from the California Plums the size and eating qualities we have long been looking for. The named varieties which we are listing are those which so far, out of thousands of seedlings, have proven the best in quality, productiveness, and hardiness. There are a great many other kinds which are being tested before they are named. We have some of these kinds which have exceptional merits but have not yet been named. This is similar to the No. 157 Plum which was named late in 1924. Without question this is an outstanding variety, although last season we listed it as one of the common unnamed sorts. This year we have three kinds which have exceptional merits but have not yet been named. They are large Plums, well flavored, early in maturing, and good keepers. We can offer them as follows: **Variety No. 69, 3-4 ft. trees, 45c each; \$2.25 per 6. 4-5 ft. trees, 55c each; \$2.75 per 6. 5-6 ft. trees, 65c each; \$3.25 per 6. No. 62, 4-5 ft. trees, 55c each; \$2.75 per 6. 5-6 ft. trees, 65c each; \$3.25 per 6. No. 83, 3-4 ft. trees, 45c each; \$2.25 per 6. 4-5 ft. trees, 55c each; \$2.75 per 6. 5-6 ft. trees, 65c each; \$3.25 per 6.**

ASSINIBOIN. A pure *Prunus nigra*. The Plum from which the original Assiniboin was produced came from a native Plum thicket near Stonewall, Manitoba. This gives the tree the hardness possessed by all the far-northern varieties. Fruit medium size and very early. A great producer of pollen which makes it one of the most desirable Plums to plant with the very early blooming sorts to act as a fertilizer. We recommend this variety strongly for planting in North Dakota, northern Minnesota, and northern Wisconsin. One of the Hansen Plums. Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 80c each; \$4.00 per 6. 4-5 ft. trees, 90c each; \$4.50 per 6. 5-6 ft. trees, \$1.00 each; \$5.00 per 6.

WACONIA (Minnesota No. 10). A very vigorous, strong growing tree with spreading top. Fruit medium to large, conical in shape, and all-over deep red. Pit rather small. Midseason. Flesh very firm, which makes it a good commercial variety. A great shipping Plum. Prices, 3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$3.00 per 6. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$3.50 per 6. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$4.00 per 6.

MOUND (Minnesota No. 50). Another cross between the large California Plum and our native Wolf. The Mound is now recognized as one of the most important new varieties on the market. The tree is not extreme in size, just medium, which is convenient for picking fruit. This variety is extremely productive, very vigorous. The fruit is very large, long-oval, and in color an attractive red; flesh firm, moderately dry. Fair quality. Prices, 4-5 ft. trees, 8c each; 5-6 ft. trees, 90c each.

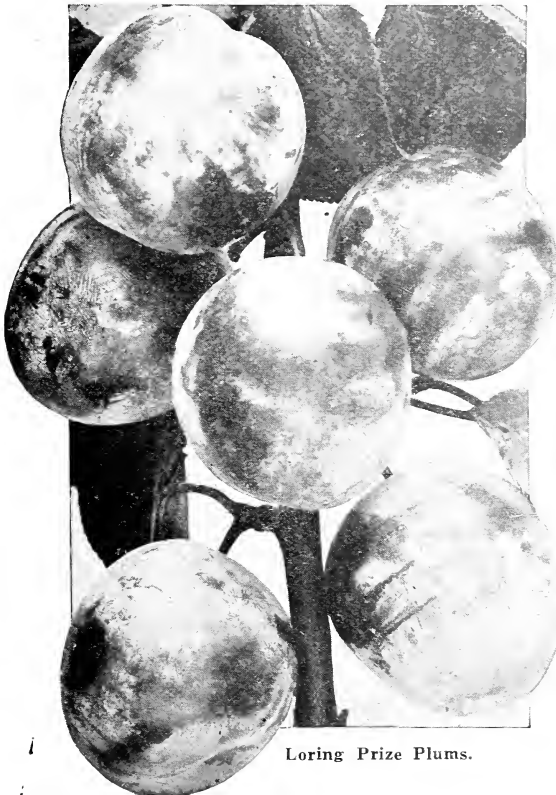
PURPLE LEAVED PLUM. This splendid ornamental tree comes from the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm and is absolutely hardy here. The bark of the new growths of the tree together with the leaves are an intense deep purple from early Spring until late Fall. Covered all over in the Spring with beautiful white plum-like blossoms. Grows to be a fair sized tree. Very hardy and ornamental. Bears Plums of good eating quality. Nice 3-4 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.



Assiniboin Plums.

MANITOU (Minnesota No. 7). This ornamental variety is a very vigorous grower, medium size, and extremely hardy. In contrast to the Newport, it is not attractive because of its leaf foliage, but on account of the great mass of pink-white flowers put out in the early Spring. The foliage, however, remains healthy. 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each.

LORING PRIZE PLUM. The Loring Prize Plum is not one of the New Minnesota varieties but was introduced by John Vikla a great many years ago. Because of its immense crops borne last year and the year before there has been such a great demand that the trees of this variety have become very scarce. Those who wish to include this variety in their order should send it in early. It is well to include a Waneta or a Tonka as a fertilizer for the Loring. Strong, 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.00 each.



Loring Prize Plums.

Seed Corn

Again we are confronted with a very serious Seed Corn shortage and at this time it appears to be as serious as the one of 1918. It is, however, impossible to tell about this until the farmers have had an opportunity to test the seed which they have picked. This is usually done either in February or March. On account of the continued wet weather this Fall and the heavy frost we experienced the fore part of October, the seed was unable to dry and withstand the cold spell. We believe for this reason that the germ has been killed or injured to such an extent that it will not germinate satisfactorily. We strongly recommend that our customers carefully test their Corn before planting. Ear testing is the best, and on the smaller lots is more reliable. You can make money for yourself by carefully testing your seed. We believe that there is enough high quality Seed Corn of 1924 crop at the present time to supply considerable demand. This will be the seed that is wanted. We have some high test Seed Corn on hand, stock that has been carefully bred up so that you can depend upon its giving a good yield as well as high quality ears this Fall. This is of 1924 crop. We will be more than glad to furnish samples of both Seed Corn and alfalfa seed upon receipt of your favor, and you can rest assured that your order will have our best attention.

The Hansen Hybrid Plums

No man ever conferred a greater blessing on mankind in the line of fruit than that conferred by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota College of Agriculture when he produced and gave to the world his new Hybrid Plums. Many of these fruits are very large, as a rule come into bearing when they are two years old and produce wonderful crops of fruit of the most exquisite flavor.

HANSKA. Tree is very hardy and of rapid growth; very symmetrical. Hanska was produced from a wild American Plum and the Chinese Apricot Plum, *Prunus simoni*. The fruit is large, beautiful red with heavy blue bloom; flesh is firm, of finest quality and flavor, similar to the apricot. Hanska is especially fine for canning and preserving.

OPATA. A vigorous grower and bearer; fruit buds forming on one-year shoots in the nursery. A cross of the Sand Cherry and the rich Luther Burbank Gold Plum. Fruit of medium size. Dark purplish red, with blue bloom. Flesh of fine flavor, sweet and juicy. Fruit remains on tree a long time, and does not rot. Opata took first prize as a seedling Plum at Minnesota State Fair. Season very early.

SAPA. An extremely early, vigorous bearer. Fruit medium size, glossy black; flesh deep reddish purple, excellent flavor, skin very tender. Fine for eating fresh and makes fine preserves and jellies. Sapa Plums raised at Brookings, S. D., were one and three-eighths inches in diameter and weighed five-eighths ounce, from one-year trees set out the preceding year. Last year we had the greatest crop of Sapa Plums that we ever had. We had about one hundred three-year trees bear in the orchard. These little trees were so loaded that their limbs just bent to the ground on all sides. We ate all we could of the fruit, we canned it, preserved it, made jelly of it. Sapa trees should be in every orchard.

Prices of the above three varieties:

	Each	Per 12
Nice, 3 to 4 ft. trees	\$0.50	\$5.90
Nice, 4 to 5 ft. trees	.65	6.50
Nice, 5 to 6 ft. trees	.85	8.50



Opata Plums.

WANETA. One of the newer varieties of the Hansen Hybrids. A cross between the Terry, largest of American Plums and the Apple Plum, a Japanese variety originated by Burbank. Specimens have been exhibited that weighed two ounces, and measured two inches in diameter. The fruit is of immense size, deep bright red, skin very thin, and the flavor is delicious. Prof. Hansen's best Plum, and, in fact, one of the greatest of all Plums. We have a splendid stock.

	Each	Per 12
3 to 4 ft. stock	\$0.50	\$5.00
4 to 5 ft. stock	.65	6.50
5 to 6 ft. stock	.85	8.50

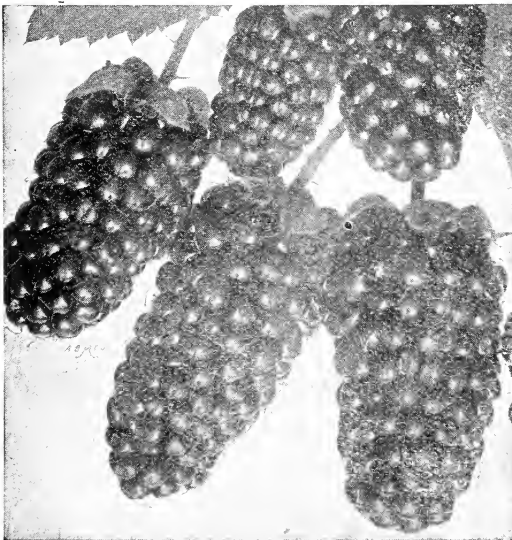
Dewberries

LUCRETIA. In quality and size, this low growing or trailing Blackberry fully equals any of the upright sorts. Wherever known it is preferred to common Blackberries, because of superior flavor, immense size, and fine quality. Very prolific, robust, and does not sunburn. **Strong transplants, 6 for 70c; 12 for \$1.20; 100 for \$5.50.** By mail postpaid, 6 for 80c; 12 for \$1.35.

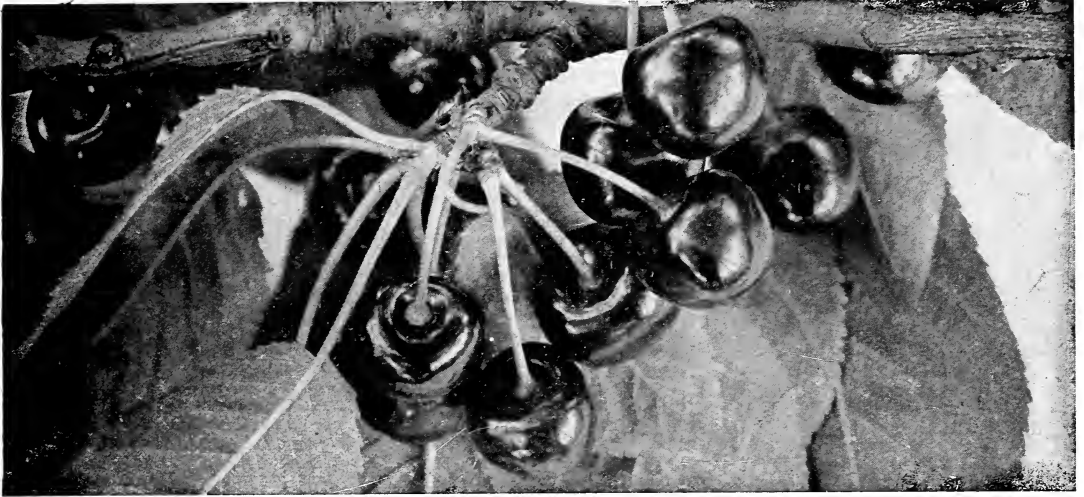
Loganberry

(Raspberry-Blackberry Hybrid)

Fruit, size of large blackberries and of the same form and shape. Color, a bright dark red. The fruit partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and the red raspberry. Mild, pleasant, vinous. Excellent for the table, canning, jellies, pies, etc. Seeds few and small. **Strong plants, 35c each; 12 for \$3.60, not postpaid. Strong plants, 40c each; 12 for \$4.20, postpaid.**



Lucretia Dewberries.



Montmorency Cherries.

Cherries

Cherries do best on sandy or gravelly, well drained soils and southern slopes, but will do very well in almost any situation, except a wet and exposed one. They are desirable for planting near dwellings where beauty and shade, as well as fruit, are so much sought for. A few Russian Mulberries (see page 32) planted near the Cherries will keep the birds from pecking the Cherries. They prefer the Mulberries to the Cherries.

In setting out Cherry trees, dig a good deep hole, place the tree in the ground so that the bend above the roots is even with the ground. Too shallow planting is harmful. Firm the dirt around the roots, fill the hole to within four inches of the top, give at least a pail of water, allowing it to soak away overnight. The next day the hole can be filled with loose dirt.

EARLY RICHMOND (English Pie Cherry). A well known old standard variety. Tree is hardy, healthy, a free grower, very productive and regular in bearing. Fruit clear bright red, of medium size, acid, rich, and one of the best for canning and for pies. The most popular of the true Kentish Cherries. Ripens in June. **Prices, 4-5 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

MONTMORENCY. A beautiful, large, red Cherry, larger and finer than Early Richmond, but fully ten days later. Being extraordinarily prolific and very hardy, it can be highly recommended.

Valuable for canning and preserving. **Prices, 4-5 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

WRAGG. One of the most popular varieties for the northwest. The fruit is medium to large, of a very dark red in color, and excellent quality. The tree is exceptionally hardy, vigorous, and productive. Has a spreading round head, dwarf habit of growth, and not subject to disease. The fruit ripens in July. **Prices, 4-5 ft. trees, 60c each; \$6.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

NICOLLET (Minnesota No. 144). (In color on the back cover page). This new Cherry originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm is just what the Northwest has been looking for. Cherry pie lovers have long hoped for a variety of Cherry which would be hardy in Minnesota localities. We have this in the Nicollet Cherry. It is similar in size, shape, and color to the varieties grown in Michigan and Wisconsin. The fruit is round, red in color, equal in size to the other sour Cherries. The trees are hardy for practically all localities in Minnesota. They are dwarfed, finely branched, with small narrow leaves, and bear fruit in abundance. The Cherries ripen about August 15th, and hold to the trees in an edible condition for a longer time than do most of the Plums. This variety was only recently named. It has not been offered to the public to any extent. Our stock is limited and would recommend your ordering early so that we can take care of your wants. **Prices, nice 2-3 ft. trees, \$1.25 each; \$12.50 per doz. 3-4 ft. trees, \$1.50 each; \$15.00 per doz. 4-5 ft. trees, \$2.00 each; \$20.00 per doz.**



Wragg Cherries.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY (Sand Cherry). A reliable, hardy, dwarf Cherry, very productive. This Cherry is generally grown in bush form like currants; it is hardly ever troubled with insect pests or fungus diseases. The fruit is of a beautiful rich crimson color when ripe, of fair size, good flavor, excellent for jelly and preserves. To be recommended for exposed locations where the other Cherries will not thrive. Tree is very ornamental and deserves a place in every yard. **Price for bushy plants, 2 to 3 ft. trees, 25c each; \$2.50 per doz. 3 to 4 ft. trees, 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.**

Pears

Pears have grown successfully in certain localities of Southern Minnesota for many years. In Blue Earth county around Lake Crystal a good many trees are to be found as large as eight inches in diameter. Many of these trees have borne many bushels of Pears each year.

Pears should be planted in sheltered and favorable locations as far North as the two southern tiers of counties of Southern Minnesota. Pears are one of the very best fruits that we have and for which we always find a good market with high prices. Don't fail to place your order with us for this delicious fruit. The following varieties are the hardiest and most reliable.

MINNESOTA NO. 1 PEAR. (Fruit in color on back cover page). At last we have a variety of Pear which has been proven to be perfectly hardy for the northwest. It has been a long time coming, but our Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm has once again come to the front with this wonderful, new, hardy kind that makes it possible for anyone in the northwest to grow this delicious fruit. The original tree of the Minnesota No. 1 still stands at the Fruit Breeding Farm, near Excelsior, and its trunk is eight to ten inches in diameter, 20 feet tall. It has borne large, juicy fruit for years past. Lately it has been cut back so heavily to secure stock for propagating that it no doubt will not survive many more Winters. The stock of this variety has been scattered over the southern part of the state just long enough to prove conclusively that this is the only real variety for the great northwest. Its merits are productiveness, freedom from blight, produces a large fruit of excellent flavor. The No. 1 Pear has a rich brown color. Our supply of this Pear is very limited and we do not believe that there is more than a small stock among all the nurserymen of the northwest. Our prices are as follows: **3-ft. trees, \$1.60 each; \$9.00 per six. 4-ft. trees, \$2.00 each; \$11.40 per six.**

CLAPP'S FAVORITE. The fruit is large, pale yellow, juicy and sweet. The flesh is very fine grained. Exceptionally early variety for the central states. The tree is a vigorous, spreading grower, exceptionally hardy and productive. The fruit is borne almost every year, therefore an exceptionally profitable kind. **We have 4-5 ft. trees at 70c each; \$7.00 per dozen. 5-6 ft. trees, 90c each; \$9.00 per doz.**



Clapp's Favorite Pear.



Flemish Beauty Pears.

BARTLETT. This we consider one of the standard varieties to be planted for commercial purposes. No doubt the earliest Pear that is grown outside of the Minnesota No. 1. It is also an abundant yielder, in fact, it is one of the most popular Pears grown. The fruit is large, buttery, with a rich, musky flavor, white flesh. The tree is a good strong grower, an abundant and early bearer. It ripens in August, and we can highly recommend it to those who are interested in Pears to be grown for market. **4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 90c each; \$9.00 per doz.**

FLEMISH BEAUTY. Fruit large, beautiful, very sweet, rich and melting, pale yellow, almost covered with light russet, turning to reddish brown when ripe. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful. Succeeds well in most parts of the country, especially recommended for the North and for Montana. Season September to October. We recommend this variety especially for the North. **4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 90c each; \$9.00 per doz.**

DUCHESS. A most desirable Pear. Fruit medium size, very handsome, yellow with bright carmine cheek; flesh rich, juicy, aromatic, of best quality. Tree hardy and vigorous grower. Season September to October. **4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; \$7.00 per doz. 5-6 ft. trees, 90c each; \$9.00 per doz.**

Brand Nursery Co.

Rockland, Mass.

Gentlemen:—

As we bought some nursery stock from you last year, thought I would write and let you know they are getting along fine, better than one would expect with the dry weather we had last Summer and Fall. Will say that the stock you sent along was the cleanest and strongest lot that I ever saw. Will want some more this Spring. Will send order later.

MR. JAMES MERCER.

Brand Nursery Co.

Little Black, Wis.

Dear Sirs:—

I can't tell you how much I appreciate the nice shrubs and fruit trees of last year. Paying less than we had been, and all of them growing where the high-priced ones have failed, but the roots and the wrapping of the Brand's Nursery tells the story.

MRS. HENRY FELS.

Nut Trees

BLACK WALNUT. A large, handsome tree with beautiful, light green foliage. Absolutely hardy in Minnesota. The tree is very straight in its habit of growth and of greatest value for timber. The value is on account of the great demand for Walnut furniture and cabinets. For this reason the wood brings the highest prices. On the most the tree is a fairly rapid grower and also makes a fine shade tree. On account of the government using so much Walnut wood for aeroplanes and gun-stocks, Walnut logs are getting very scarce. These trees bear nuts freely. They are large, rather oily and have a very fine flavor, distinctively different from any other nut. **2 ft. seedlings, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100. 5-6 ft. trees, 75c each; \$7.50 per doz.**

BUTTERNUT. One of the finest of native trees, sometimes called the White Walnut. Does exceptionally well in damp, heavy soil. Perfectly hardy in Minnesota. This lofty, spreading tree is one of our natives, valued for its tropical appearance and beautiful wood and nuts. We have always had Butternut trees on our place and have seldom missed a crop. A tree valued for decorative purposes. The nuts are large, oily, and rich, of delicious flavor. We have had trees bear ten bushels in a year. **Prices, 1-yr. trees, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$10.00 per 100. 2-3 ft. transplanted trees, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100. 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each; \$8.00 per doz.**

AMERICAN FILBERT OR HAZELNUT. Grows from four to six feet high, and is of the easiest culture. Entirely hardy, and one of the most satisfactory nuts to grow. Bears early and abundantly. Nuts nearly round and of the best quality. **Nice 2-yr. nursery-grown stock, 35c each; \$3.50 per doz.**

Brand Nursery Co.

Gentlemen:—

We received all the nursery stock in fine shape last Spring; and all is growing fine. Some of the trees grew as if they were planted two years ago. Many people who saw the trees were surprised how they grew the first year. I will surely order some more this Spring.

MRS. CHAS. KIPTA.
Browerville, Minn.

Brand Nursery Co.

Dear Sirs:—

I only wish you could sell more of the same kind of nursery stock we received last Spring. We have bought nursery goods many times, but we can assure you never any that was better than yours, and yours is so much cheaper.

We gathered quite a few black raspberries, also gooseberries, off the plants planted last Spring. I think that was remarkable. We give the Brand Nursery Co. a good recommendation whenever we can.

MR. and MRS. H. J. BODE.
Algona, Iowa.



Black Walnut.

Dwarf Juneberry

(*Amelanchier Botryapium*)

The berry for the extreme North and South. Very hardy, enduring the coldest Winters and hottest Summers without injury. Bushy plants with leaves and flower stalks whitish woolly when young, white flowers in racemes. Berries of good flavor, reddish purple, changing to black when ripe. Splendid for canning and making pies. Very prolific, often producing a quart of fruit from a young bush. Every garden should contain some of this remarkable fruit. **Strong transplants, 25c each; \$2.25 per doz., not postpaid. By mail, 30c each; \$2.00 per doz.**



Butternut.

Highbush Cranberry

(*Viburnum Opulus*)

A magnificent large shrub, with upright and spreading form. The leaves are broad, oval, three-lobed and bright green. The small, white flowers, which appear in early Summer, are borne in broad, flat clusters surrounded by a ring of large, sterile flowers. These are followed by very showy scarlet berries, which cling to the bush all Winter, as they are not disturbed by the birds. It will thrive and grow to perfection in the coldest climates or where the extremes of heat and cold are the greatest. These qualities make it extremely valuable for grouping in landscape work, and the demand for this shrub has always been heavy. This year our supply is limited and we request that our customers order early.

8 to 12 in., 30c each; \$3.00 per 12. 13 to 24 in., 60c each; \$6.00 per 12. 2 to 3 ft., 75c each; \$7.50 per 12. If any of the above sizes are wanted by mail add 5c to the price of each; 15c to the doz. price.



American Filbert or Hazelnut.

Grapes

The Grape is one of the finest and most wholesome fruits we have. It grows in almost any kind of soil, but seems to do best in a clay with considerable gravel in it.

If a southern slope is to be had such a location is preferable, as the Grape likes the sun. The rows should run north and south if possible so as to bring about an even ripening of fruit. The Beta, Alpha and Hungarian are absolutely hardy with us in the Northwest and need no protection whatever. All the other varieties will do well here in the far North and will pay for the work, if the vines are put down on the ground in the Fall and covered with a few shovelfuls of earth. Farther South this is not necessary. Plant in rows eight feet apart each way. Prune the plants in the Fall, after the leaves have fallen, cutting back the limbs to from two to three eyes and leaving but three leaders. Almost invariably Grapevines are planted too shallow. They consist of three parts. The roots, the old piece of cutting, and the new top. Almost everyone plants the Grapevine with just the roots covered. The vine should be planted so that the entire old cutting is beneath the soil. If the soil comes up on the lower two or three inches of the top so much the better.

Price of all Grapes except where otherwise noted: Strong No. 1 plants, 20c each; \$2.25 per 12, not prepaid. Prepaid, strong No. 1 plants, 25c each; \$2.50 per 12. If wanted in larger quantities we shall be glad to quote prices.

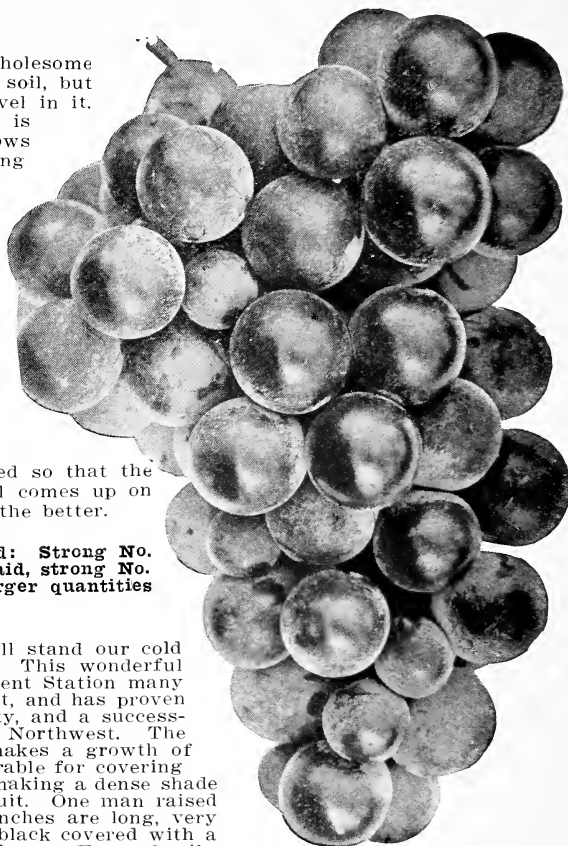
BETA. One of the hardiest of all Grapes. It will stand our cold northern Winters without any protection at all. This wonderful Grape was introduced by the Minnesota Experiment Station many years ago and has now been thoroughly tested out, and has proven itself an immense bearer, a Grape of good quality, and a successful Grape to grow almost anywhere over the Northwest. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower and often makes a growth of twenty feet in one year. This makes it very desirable for covering arbors as it then answers two purposes, that of making a dense shade and at the same time producing big crops of fruit. One man raised four bushels per vine in a single year. The bunches are long, very compact with a small shoulder. The color is jet black covered with a blue bloom, and this Grape has a very pleasant flavor. Every family should have at least a dozen Beta Grapevines. This would furnish an abundance of Grapes for Grape juice and jelly. The Beta makes as good jelly as the wild Grape. It is one-half wild and just as hardy. It ripens about September 1st. **Strong 2-yr-old No. 1 plants, each 25c; 6 for \$1.35; 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid. Prepaid, strong No. 1 plants, each 30c; 6 for \$1.55; 12 for \$2.80.**

CONCORD. Black. The well known fine old market sort, which is so largely planted in all sections, being decidedly the most popular Grape in America. Large, handsome bunches of large, luscious berries, covered with a rich bloom. Skin tender but firm, making it a good shipper; flesh juicy, sweet and tender. Vine, a strong, healthy grower, very hardy and productive. For general cultivation the most reliable variety, succeeding well over a great extent of our country. **Best 2-yr-old plants, each 20c; 12 for \$1.90; 100 for \$18.00, not prepaid. Prepaid, 25c each; 12 for \$2.10.**

MOORE'S EARLY. Black, with heavy blue bloom. This variety we recommend especially to our Northwestern orchardists and farmers. It is considered the best market variety in the Grape growing district of Minnesota, always yielding well and fruit selling at top prices. The bunches are of medium size, rarely shouldered. Berries large, round, of excellent quality. Ripens so early as to be nearly out of market before Concord is ripe.

MOORE'S DIAMOND. White. A seedling of the Concord, partaking of all its good qualities. Berries are large, sweet, and of as good quality as some of the more delicate varieties. Ripens early.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY. Black. A fine variety that cannot be too strongly recommended. Of strong, vigorous growth, very hardy, foliage perfectly healthy; very early and abundant bearer. The berries are large, nearly round, dark blue. Skin thick and tough, making it a good shipper; flesh sweet, with a slight aroma. **Best 2-yr-old plants, each 30c; 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid. Prepaid, each 35c; 12 for \$3.25.**



Alpha Grapes.

ALPHA GRAPE. This is the new hardy Grape which is receiving such favorable mention wherever it has been tried out. It is the largest of all this class of Grapes. The Alpha Grape was discovered by Father Katchener of St. John's University, Collegeville, Minn., in the woods nearby, growing wild, and from the size of the Grape we believe it must be a cross between the Concord and the wild Grape. It has the general appearance of the Concord although a little smaller in size together with the leaf, vine, growth, and hardiness of the wild Grape. It has been extensively grown in the college grounds at St. John's for quite a period now and has proven thoroughly dependable, passing through the severest Winters without injury while all other varieties but Beta suffered. **Strong 2-yr-old No. 1 plants, each 30c; 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid. Prepaid, 35c each; 12 for \$3.50.**

HUNGARIAN. Black. An early sort with the hardiness of the wild Grape; withstands our Northern Winters without covering. It is claimed to have come from Hungary. Bunches compact, large, fruit black, of good quality, sweet and aromatic. **Strong 2-yr-old No. 1 plants, each 35c; 12 for \$3.50, not prepaid. Prepaid, 40c each; 12 for \$3.75.**

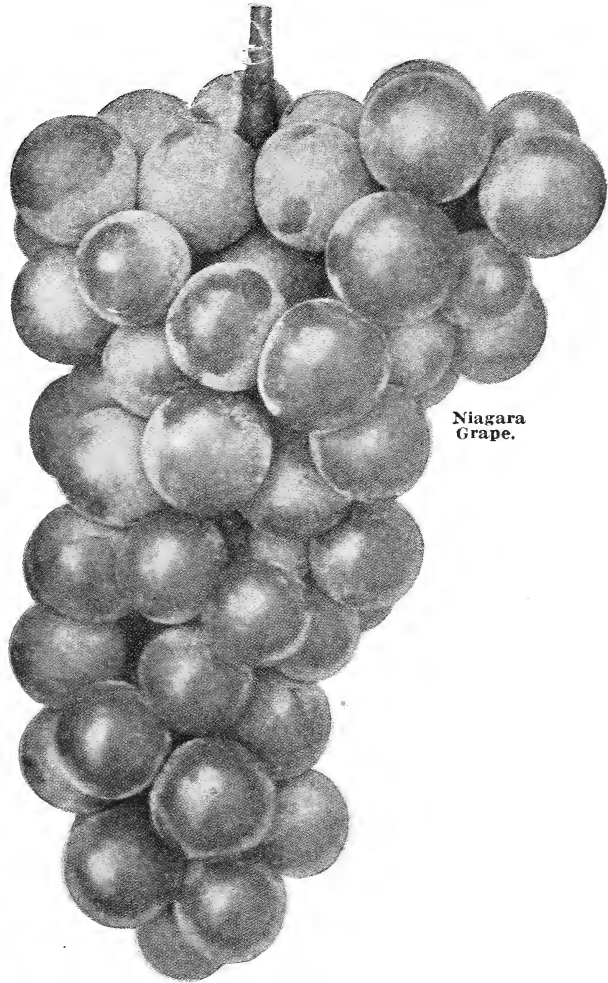
DELAWARE. Red. Holds its own as one of the finest Grapes. Bunch small, compact, shouldered. Berries rather small, round. Skin thin, light red. Flesh very juicy, without any hard pulp, with an exceedingly sweet, spicy flavor. Vines moderately vigorous, very hardy and productive. Should be planted in every garden and vineyard. Ripens early and is a good keeper.

WORDEN. Black. Bunch large, sometimes shouldered, compact; berries very large, skin thin. Superior to the Concord in the following points. It is better in quality, has a larger berry, a more compact and handsome cluster and ripens five to ten days earlier. It fully equals Concord in vigor, health and productiveness. In berry it is about the size of Moore's Early, but of better quality, more vigorous and productive, and ripens but a little later.

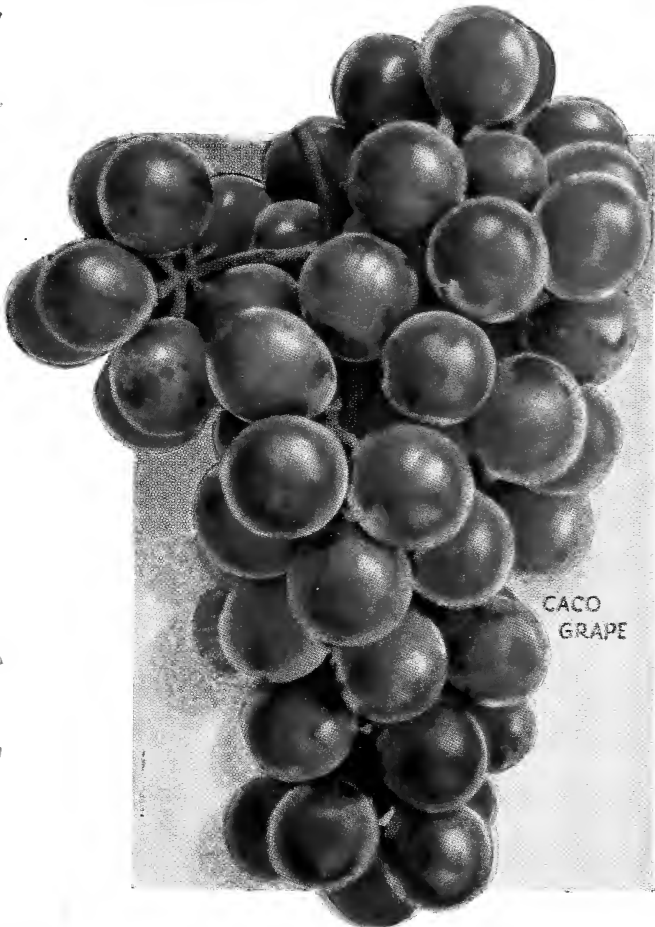
BRIGHTON. Red. Bunches and berries large, dark red color, fine rich flavor, juicy and sugary. Almost seedless pulp. Quality very fine. Extremely hardy, bears abundantly and stands the heat of Summer well. Ripens extra early.

NIAGARA. White. Home and market growers seem to agree that this is the most valuable of all the white Grapes. Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries, having a thin but tough skin. When fully ripe they are a fine pale yellow, with a thin white bloom. The flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet and delightful, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes. Vine is remarkably vigorous and productive. Foliage thick and leathery. Succeeds well in both North and South. Ripens with Concord. **Price: No. 1 plants, each 25c; \$2.50 per doz., not prepaid. Prepaid, each 30c; \$2.75 per doz.**

LUCILE. The coming red market Grape. The Lucile yields as much or more than Concord, Niagara, or any other well known market Grape. Hardy and healthy as any Grape, and much more so than Niagara. A strong, robust grower, and ripens its wood to the tip under a load of fruit under which Niagara would not ripen one-half. The Lucile is sweet, and in quality compares favorably with that of Wyoming Red,



Niagara Grape.



CACO GRAPE

which it resembles in color. But its crowning glory is its size and compactness of its clusters, which resemble those of Diamond and Pocklington, but even larger. While it is an excellent market Grape anywhere, it is indispensable at the extreme North, where only early and extra hardy varieties succeed. The Lucile is a good shipper and never drops its berries, but where the season is long enough it gradually dries up into raisins on the vines. Does well in South Dakota. **Price: No. 1 plants, each, 30c; 10 for \$2.75; 100 for \$25.00, not prepaid. Prepaid, each, 35c; 10 for \$2.90.**

The New Caco Grape

Excels in Quality and Hardiness

This great, big, sweet, juicy, red Grape produced by a cross between the black Concord and the red Catawba, equals, in high quality and texture, the very finest varieties that are grown.

In appearance the most beautiful of all hardy Grapes. The fruit is large, wine-red, with abundant bloom. The bunches are of good size, compact, and of excellent form.

It is an early kind, as it ripens ten days to two weeks in advance of the Concord. Very rich in sugar. It is of excellent flavor, even ten days in advance of its being fully ripe.

The vine is a strong, vigorous grower, healthy and prolific.

The Caco can be grown in the back yard almost without attention. On the market it will sell for almost double the price of any other variety. The picture on this page is a very good reproduction of a bunch of this variety.

Price, strong, selected, 2-yr. No. 1 plants, 75c each; 10 for \$7.00, not prepaid. Postpaid, 80c each; 12 for \$7.15.

Currants

We cannot accept orders for Currants and Gooseberries to be shipped west of the west line of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana. The United States Government prohibits any nursery east of that line from shipping Currant or Gooseberry plants west of it. So we ask of our customers living west of the line not to order either of these fruits.

Price of all Currants except Perfection, strong two-year No. 1 plants, 20c each; 12 for \$2.20, not prepaid. Price postpaid, 25c each; 12 for \$2.45.

PERFECTION. A new variety of great merit. We have fruited this variety in our trial grounds for several years and consider it the finest Currant, everything considered, that is grown. It is a cross between the Fay's Prolific, which is the largest and most productive red Currant grown in the East, and the White Transparent, which heretofore has been considered the sweetest Currant grown. The Perfection resembles both parents. It has the immense size, the beautiful red color and the productiveness of the Fay and the wonderful sweetness of the White Grape. It is also remarkable in that it has very few seeds. It is essentially the Currant for the home garden. **Extra strong 2-year plants, 25c each; 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid. Postpaid, 30c each; 12 for \$2.75.**

LONDON MARKET. Where one is growing for the midseason market, this is without question the only variety to plant. The bush is wonderfully strong and robust. Grows very large and retains its leaves well in the Summer after those of other varieties have fallen. This gives protection from the sun to the fruit. The fruit is medium to large, and has a very bright red color.

PRINCE ALBERT. One of the most profitable of all Currants where this fruit is grown for market purposes. The demand for Currants is always strongest very late in the season, when the regular crop of Currants is about gone. Then, the good housewife bethinks herself that she must make some Currant jelly; and lo and behold, most of the Currant crop is gone. However, Prince Albert saves the day. Very productive of good-sized fruit that just begins to ripen as the last of the midseason varieties are gone.

LONG BUNCH HOLLAND. The single berry of the Long Branch Holland is not as large as is the berry of the Perfection or London Market, but the bunches are very much longer and carry their fruit well to the end of the bunch. It is the latest of all the varieties that we offer and starts to ripen as the other sorts are gone. It carries its foliage very late which protects the fruit until it is fully ripe. An immense money maker. Very late.



Perfection Currants.
Extremely Large and
Productive.

WHITE TRANSPARENT. Bush is vigorous and rather spreading, producing immense crops of fruit. Bunches are very large and full, with large, sweet berries, translucent white. The flavor is mildly acid, and in quality, the White Transparent is superior to most red varieties. The best of all Currants for table use.

Please notice the quarantine on Gooseberries and Currants. The United States Department of Agriculture prohibits nurseries east of the western boundary of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana from shipping Currants or Gooseberries to points west of that line. This is on account of the White Pine Blister Rust.

Gooseberries

Plant Gooseberries three to four feet apart in good rich soil and give a liberal dressing of manure every year. Trim out each Spring late in March one-half the old wood and you will have lots of great big Gooseberries.

We list two varieties which we believe are the best, judging from our long experience.

PEARL. A most prolific and hardy variety that has borne great crops of fruit for us. Free from mildew. The fruit is large, pale green, and of the best quality. We sell this variety in great quantities to market gardeners who find it one of the most profitable sorts to grow. **Strong selected No. 1 plants, each 20c; 12 for \$2.00, not prepaid. By mail, postpaid, each 25c; 12 for \$2.25.**



Carrie Gooseberries.

GOOSEBERRIES—Continued

CARRIE. This is a new variety originated in Minnesota by the late Wyman Elliott. We consider it the hardiest, healthiest and most productive Gooseberry grown. The plant is a very strong grower, which gives it a great fruiting surface and enables it to produce and carry its immense crops of fruit. It is a wonderful cropper. As compared to other Gooseberries, the Carrie is nearly thornless and this is a wonderful advantage when it comes to picking the fruit. The berries are large where well cared for, a light red in color when ripe, and of fine flavor. We consider this the most profitable of all Gooseberries both for home consumption and for the market. **Strong No. 1 plants, 25c each; 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid. Same plants, 30c each; 12 for \$2.75, by mail, postpaid.**

QUARANTINE ON GOOSEBERRY AND CURRANT BUSHES

Customers living west of the west line of Minnesota are requested not to include either Currant or Gooseberry bushes in their orders as no nursery situated east of that line is permitted by the United States government to ship either of these plants west of the line.

Older Black Raspberry

We offer but one variety of the Black Raspberry or Blackcap. Our sales of this fruit are made mostly through Minnesota, and other northern states, where the very hardiest variety is demanded. We have found that for this latitude there is no kind that will compare with the Older. The fruit is very juicy and sweet. It is a wonderful bearer. The branches grow low, and are easy to protect during the Winter, when some covering is necessary. We believe that the Older is the hardiest Black Raspberry grown. **Strong transplanted stock, 6 for 75c; 12 for \$1.30; 100 for \$10.00, not prepaid. Prepaid, 6 for 80c; 12 for \$1.40.**

**Eldorado Blackberries.****Older Raspberries.****Blackberries**

Plant in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows. To keep the bed in good, productive condition, the old, weak and dead wood should be cut out every season, and in Spring the weakest suckers should also be removed, having only 4 to 5 strong ones in each hill. Cover with earth in Winter, bending the canes at the roots. The plants do best on a clay loam.

ELDORADO. One of the hardiest of all Blackberries, enduring the Winters of the Northwest without injury. The yield is enormous, berries large, jet black, borne in large clusters. Very sweet, have no core; will keep eight to ten days after picking.

SNYDER. This is one of the best Blackberries for market in the North and is very hardy. The canes are vigorous and annually productive. Berries are medium in size, very sweet, juicy and of fine flavor. It also lacks the hard core found in many of the other varieties. Good shipping qualities.

Prices of these two varieties: Strong, transplanted plants, 12 for \$1.10; 25 for \$2.00; 100 for \$7.00, not prepaid. We furnish 6 plants at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate. Price by mail, postpaid, 3 for 30c; 12 for \$1.15.

Compare Our Stock and Prices

Our prices on the Raspberries and Blackberries are for good, strong, transplanted stocks. In comparing prices, do not become confused with those who are quoting on the small tip plants. Please remember that our sales are made direct so we save you the agent's commission of 50%. You can buy stock from us at $\frac{1}{2}$ what you would pay an agent for the same quality and size stock.

Raspberries

Raspberries are among the easiest of fruits to care for. The fruit is always in demand, and brings higher prices than any other small fruit. A good clay loam soil is the best adapted to the growing of Raspberries, although they will do well on almost any soil but a damp one. The black and purple varieties should be planted in rows seven feet apart with the plants four feet apart in the row. For red Raspberries the rows should be five feet apart, with the plants two feet apart in the row. In training, allow only a few suckers to grow about each plant, cutting the balance away so as to throw all the strength into these few. Cultivate well until July 15th and then stop to allow the wood to ripen. The varieties we list need no covering over Winter.

For the past ten years we have grown Raspberries on an extensive scale with the growing of the plants for sale our main object. We plant our roots either in the Fall or in the early Spring. Taken one year with another we have had better luck with Spring planting than with Fall planting, but if the best results are to be expected the plants should be gotten in as early in the Spring as possible, the earlier the better. Early planted stock will generally produce enough fruit the first Fall to pay for the plants. The second year we look for a big and paying crop. With us, red Raspberries have always been a big money maker. We have had years when we cleared a thousand dollars an acre on our Raspberries.

In these days when the one-crop farmer is finding it so hard to make both ends meet, and our economists and would-be economists are casting about in all directions for some means to help the farmer out, we have often wondered why small fruits, and especially red Raspberries have not been thought of. Dairying and the diversified farming that necessarily goes with it is the cure-all advocated in the great farming districts of our country. But dairying, like all other branches of farming, if carried too far will be overdone. It is only a question of time when this will occur. On the other hand, very few people think of the growing of small fruits in a commercial way.

Now every town of a thousand inhabitants will furnish a market for at least one good small fruit grower. Red Raspberries are the easiest fruit in the world to grow. Four acres planted out to two or three good varieties and well cared for will put at least one family in every farming community right on its feet. Then let some other farmer try strawberries, another Beta Grapes, another the new Minnesota and Hansen Plums, and you have in that way and to that extent solved an urgent and difficult problem.

In our experience there are only two varieties of Red Raspberries necessary for a succession of production. The St. Regis Everbearing will produce berries earlier than any other variety, while the Latham, or Minnesota No. 4, can be depended upon for the main crop. The St. Regis will produce fruit until the first frosts.

Latham or Minnesota No. 4

If the Minnesota State Breeding Farm had originated no other fruit of promise, the production of this one superb Red Raspberry would have repaid the State for all the funds expended at the station. When we first took this berry up, we were not greatly impressed with it as the canes on our soil were not as rank growers as many of our other varieties. But when our original planting became two years old and the plants came into full bearing, we recognized that we had in Minnesota No. 4, as it was then called, the most remarkable Red Raspberry ever sent out to date. The berry is of immense size and the bushes are just loaded to the ground with the great crop of fruit. The plant is not as great a multiplier as some varieties of reds, which is a very desirable feature. Still, enough strong, hardy plants are produced each year to keep the bed renewed and in good thrifty bearing condition. Berries are dark red in color, very large and firm. An easy variety to pick, shows up splendidly in the box, and because of its immense size readily demands



Latham
Red Raspberries.



St. Regis Everbearing Raspberries.

Professor Hansen's Raspberries

We have just a few varieties of Prof. Hansen's hardy Raspberries which we have given a thorough trial and are offering to the public. To those who are interested we can supply in limited quantities only, of these new kinds. With those who have followed Prof. Hansen's work at the South Dakota Station no description of these new kinds is necessary. However, we will add a few words regarding the predominating features of these new varieties. They are absolutely hardy under all conditions, not susceptible to disease and produce medium large berries of excellent flavor. They are heavy bearers, in fact, the Ohta, the first year is just as good as an everbearer. If you are interested in Raspberries you will make no mistake in getting a start with these new varieties. We have one kind, the La France, which is a European Raspberry, and offered only a few years ago at \$1.00 a cane. This is an exceptionally fine berry but not of Hansen's origination. Prices on the Spineless, Starlight, Fewthorn, Ohta and La France, are as follows: **Not prepaid, 6 of any one variety for 50c; 12 for 90c; 25 for \$1.75; 50 for \$3.00. By mail, prepaid, 6 for 60c; 12 for \$1.05; 25 for \$1.95; 50 for \$3.25.**

Garden Roots

No home garden is complete without its bed of Asparagus, a few plants of Rhubarb or pieplant, and Horseradish Roots. These are three of the earliest vegetables, are easily established, and require practically no care. The Asparagus can be planted 8 to 12 inches apart in the row, with the rows from 2½ to 3½ feet apart. Set the roots deep enough so that the crowns are at least two inches below the surface. Fertilize freely each Fall, and salt water can be applied to exterminate the weeds.

Rhubarb or Pieplant

Every family should have at least a half dozen stools of Pieplant in the garden as it is the first vegetable of the Spring. Set roots out in the early Spring and by midsummer a dozen roots will produce enough stalks for a large family. Fertilizing in the Fall with well-rotted cow manure will produce large crops and more tender Rhubarb. **Extra nice, 2-yr. roots, each 10c; 12 for 80c, not prepaid. By mail, each, 15c; 3 for 35c; 12 for \$1.00, prepaid.**

LATHAM RASPBERRIES—Continued

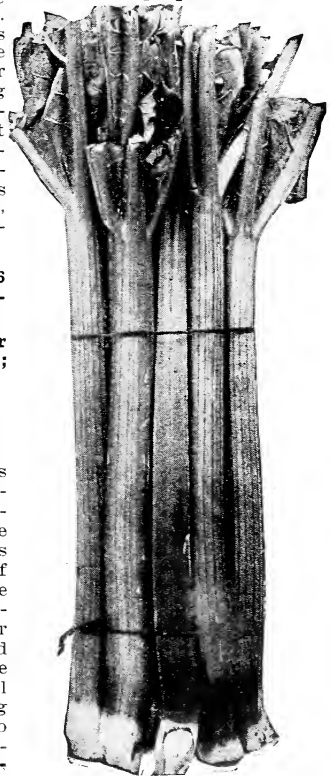
the best price when sold on the market. In the Spring of 1924 when the selling season was over we found that we had quite a few Latham Raspberry plants left over in our storage building; so we planted them out. This was away late—about the first of June. We had enough plants so that they filled 31 rows, 210 feet long to the row. Figured up, this covered just a trifle over a half acre. The season was so dry with us that we did not expect any fruit on these plants the first year. However, we gave the plants good cultivation and to our surprise, they soon began to throw out laterals. Timely rains during July, continuing well into August, caused fruit to set, and to our surprise, when the fruit came to color up, we found that we had a great crop of berries. We picked off this half acre of Latham Red Raspberries the same year the plants were planted, 1208 pints of as fine Raspberries as ever seen in the Faribault market. The cost of handling this fruit amounted to \$60.09 which left a net profit on the fruit of \$132.88, not counting the cultivating, of which we kept no track, as the Raspberries were cultivated right in with other nursery stock.

Prices of strong, selected, well-rooted No. 1 plants, not prepaid, 6 for 60c; 12 for \$1.00; 25 for \$1.50; 100 for \$4.00; 1000 for \$35.00. Postpaid, 6 for 70c; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$4.50.

Prices of mosaic free No. 1 plants, not prepaid, 6 for \$1.00; 12 for \$1.75; 25 for \$3.75; 100 for \$9.00; 500 for \$40.00. Postpaid, 6 for \$1.10; 12 for \$1.90; 25 for \$3.95; 100 for \$9.50.

St. Regis Everbearing

The only Raspberry known that will yield two full crops of berries in a single season. It was awarded a certificate of merit by the American Institute of New York. It produces a very heavy crop at the regular season. Then all the new suckers produce a crop as they mature and if the latter part of the season is fairly moist with frequent showers an immense Fall crop is produced, as heavy as the first crop. Fruit of the very finest quality, large size, and a brilliant red in color. The originator of the St. Regis gives the following description: "Raspberries for four months, that is what you get when you plant St. Regis, for it is the highest in grade, in size, in brilliancy of color, in firmness and in flavor. Its iron-clad hardiness is certainly a wonder and its foliage never suffers by sunburn or scald. The fruit is large, of a beautiful rich crimson color when ripe, rich in sugar, and will stand shipping better than any variety we know of. It is the earliest Raspberry to ripen, and gives a crop of berries all Summer and Autumn. It succeeds well on all soils." **6 for 60c; 12 for \$1.00; 100 for \$6.50, not prepaid. 6 for 70c; 12 for \$1.15, postpaid.**



Rhubarb.

ROOT CROPS—Continued

Asparagus

WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS. Rust resistant strain which has received immense popularity and we believe is destined to supersede all other varieties. Washington Asparagus is uniformly rust-resistant, high-yielding, of large size and of rapid growth, all of which indicate tenderness and brilliant appearance and these things in turn give greater market value. Asparagus growers should not be satisfied with anything but the best obtainable and it is our sincere belief that Washington surpasses any available stock at the present time. It is the advice of the Bureau of Plant Industry that the one-year-old roots transplant with greater success than the two-year-old stock, and for this reason we are offering just the former. **Price, extra strong No. 1 roots by mail, 12 for 35c; 25 for 65c; 100 for \$2.25. Not prepaid, 12 for 30c; 25 for 55c; 100 for \$2.00; 1000 for \$15.00.**

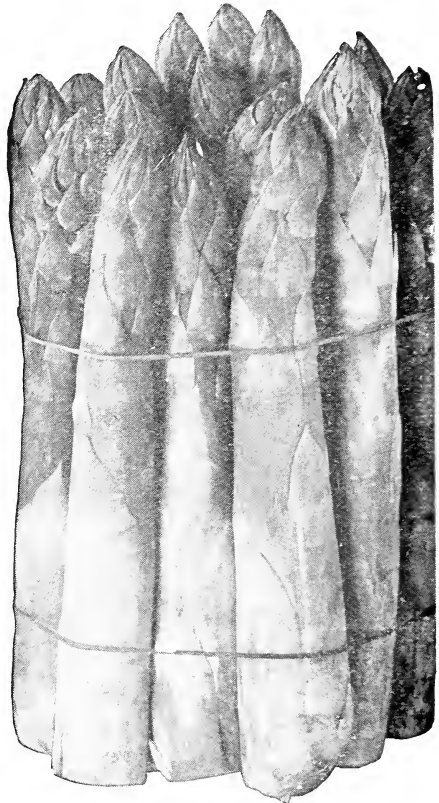
CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. The oldest named variety in cultivation. A very reliable sort. **Price by mail, 12 for 30c; 25 for 60c; 100 for \$2.10. Not prepaid, 12 for 25c; 25 for 50c; 100 for \$1.80; 1000 for \$14.00.**

Horseradish

This popular condiment is very easily produced in the home garden and anyone who has compared the freshly dug article with that sold over counters can appreciate the value of good, home-grown Horseradish. A half dozen roots will provide the ordinary family, and as it spreads quite rapidly, the source of supply is easily maintained. I furnish good, strong roots. **Price, 10 for 25c; 100 for \$1.80; 1000 for \$16.00.**

Strawberries

The Strawberry is without question the favorite of all small fruits and we are listing here just those varieties which have been tried out thoroughly and have proven their worth. The State Experiment Station recommends only a few varieties of the everbearing. They have the Progressive always heading their list. We are offering this as our one and only Everbearing Strawberry and it is without question the leader of them all. In the June bearing kind we have the Premier, Dunlap, Gibson and Marvel. These are all perfect flowering sorts and will fill every purpose. Strawberries will do well in almost any soil and location. If you are going to plant so that the berries can be cultivated with the horse put them in rows 3½ feet apart, with the plants 18 inches apart in the rows for the Dunlap, Everbearing; 2 feet apart in the rows for the Dunlap.

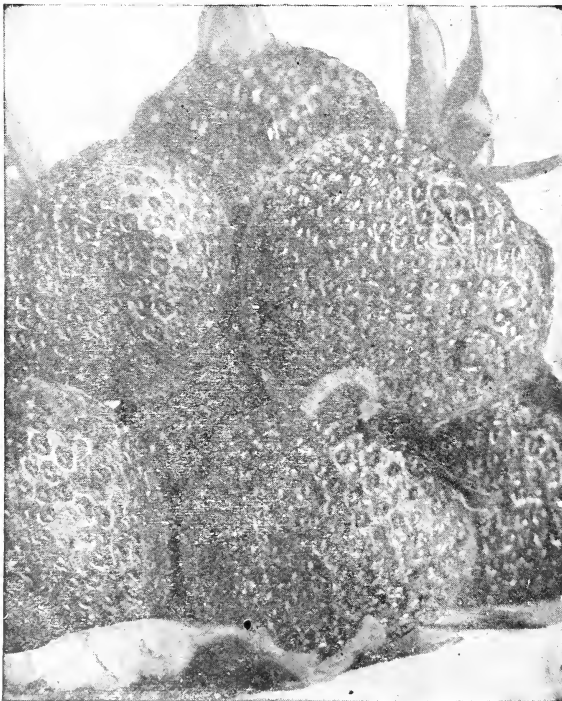


Washington Asparagus.

Little care is needed except to keep them free from weeds. Pinch off the blossoms the first season if you want a large bed. This will force the strength into the runners thus producing many new plants. Care of Strawberries in the Fall is necessary for the best of results. If the ground is frozen so that the wagon or horse will not cut in, mulch the bed from four to six inches with wild hay, coarse straw, or corn stalks. Corn stalks are good as there is no danger of foul seed in them. In the Spring, about the first of May draw the mulch to the center between the rows, leaving a small quantity between the plants to keep the fruit clean and also to keep the ground moist. We ship all Strawberry plants postpaid or express prepaid unless otherwise stated. The plants are dug fresh the day that they are shipped and for this reason it is impossible for us to ship Strawberry plants with the rest of the order. You will note that we have quoted on each variety by the 1000 and in smaller lots. If, however, you are interested in larger quantities will be glad to make special prices upon request.

Everbearing Strawberries

PROGRESSIVE. When the everbearing Strawberry first began to be talked of we thought it was mostly a humbug. We had tested out for many years the many new fruits that were coming out from year to year, and we had seen so few turn out well that when the everbearing Strawberry first came to our attention we placed little faith in the claims that were made for it. But one Spring we had a lot of nursery stock that we could not dispose of otherwise. An everbearing Strawberry man offered to exchange his everbearing plants for this stock of ours. We traded this stock for 2000 everbearing Strawberry plants at \$80.00 per 1000. This was early in the Spring. We planted the plants with but little faith. But soon blossoms appeared and following directions we were kept busy keep-



Gibson Strawberries.

PROGRESSIVE STRAWBERRIES—Continued

ing these blossoms pinched off until the middle of July. They would persist in blooming. From then on we let the blossoms develop, and by August 15th we were making a nice picking of luscious Strawberries every other day. We had a favorable season for the everbearers that Summer and Fall and had an almost continuous crop up to the middle of October. We sold over \$160.00 worth of fruit from the patch and had all the berries we wanted to eat. From that time on we have been firm believers in this most wonderful fruit. We consider the everbearer Strawberry the greatest boon in fruit ever bestowed on mankind. The everbearing Strawberry should be planted for best results, very early in the Spring. In our latitude by April 15th. This enables the plants to get well established and produce a good stand of new plants. The blossoms should be kept picked from the new set bed until July 15th when they should be allowed to remain. By August 15th, if the weather is favorable, the first picking may be made; from then on with right weather conditions it is a ready crop of berries until heavy frosts. By favorable weather we mean a normal amount of rainfall fairly evenly distributed. In time of drought the everbearer will do very little, but it responds at once with the coming of rain. We have tried out many varieties of everbearers but have finally concluded to offer only the Progressive. Everything considered we think it the best everbearer yet introduced. **12 for 40c; 25 for 75c; 100 for \$2.00; 500 for \$9.00; 1000 for \$16.00, prepaid.**



Marvel Strawberries.

JUNE BEARING VARIETIES

SENATOR DUNLAP. A well-tested, wonderfully productive variety, one of the safe sorts to plant everywhere, and sure season, grows well almost everywhere and is very popular. Plant resembles Warfield, rampant runner, should be restricted in its production of plants; fully equal to Gibson and Warfield in its ability to succeed under all circumstances. Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality, one of the best. Ripens early and continues a long time. It promises to stand at the head in its wonderful ability to ripen a good crop under almost any condition of drought and neglect. **Price, 25 for 40c; 100 for \$1.25; 500 for \$4.50; 1000 for \$8.00, prepaid. Not less than 25 plants furnished of this variety.**

Brand Nursery Co., Gentlemen: I wish to tell you that the Strawberry Plants I got last Spring were the best I have ever gotten; and believe that not a single plant failed to grow. Thanking you very much, I am,

MRS. OSCAR BERGEN,
Iola, Wisconsin.



Premier Strawberries.

PREMIER (Perfect). This is also one of the extra early varieties, being an exceptionally heavy fruiting kind. The quality of the berry is excellent and it stands up well so that it is fine for shipping. The berry is large, beautifully colored, and well-shaped. It is red all the way through which quality makes it ideal for canning and preserving. The Premier stands out above all of the other kinds in growth and yield. The plants make their growth almost overnight, and the yield along with the quality of the berry makes it an outstanding sort. **Prices, 25 for 50c; 100 for \$1.50; 500 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$9.00.**

GIBSON (Perfect). Berries large, beautiful dark red in color, vigorous grower and very productive. Bears through a long season, grows well almost everywhere and is very popular for canning. Not a shipping berry, but its high quality makes it very good for home garden or local market. **Price, 25 for 40c; 100 for \$1.25; 500 for \$4.50; 1000 for \$8.00, prepaid.**

MARVEL. Truly named because it is a marvelous grower and a marvelous producer. This variety originated in the cold climate of Wisconsin, and is parented by the Dunlap and Warfield. The parentage above should convince anyone that the Marvel is unusually good. This is one of the hardest and most productive of all varieties, also is sometimes called the "foolproof," because it fights its own way and wins out even through weeds and grass and adverse weather conditions. The berries are large, of blood red color. The fruit is firm and carries well to market. Can be grown alone or with other varieties. Marvel is ideal to set beside pistillate for mating purposes. **Price, 25 for 50c; 100 for \$1.50; 500 for \$5.00; 1000 for \$9.00, prepaid.**



Catalpa Speciosa—Western Catalpa.

ELM, American White. The White Elm has always been the favorite shade tree in the northern states and is the best park and street tree for general planting in this section. It is also one of the very best trees for prairie planting, standing second only to the Ash. Grows to the very largest size, with an open, spreading head, and graceful drooping branches. The most beautiful of all northern trees when properly grown. The Elm and the Hackberry are the only trees for city street planting in this section of the country.

	Each	Per 12
5 to 6 ft. trees	\$0.70	\$7.00
6 to 8 ft. trees .....	.80	8.00
8 to 10 ft. trees	1.10	11.00

If you are interested in the later write and we will be glad to quote you special prices. We have some fine Elm stock which we can quote as follows:

LINDEN (American Basswood). One of the most beautiful of all our deciduous trees. Grows with a perfectly straight trunk and its top forms a perfect globe. Very large, roundish green leaves in the Summer change to a bright yellow in the Autumn. Very hardy. 5 to 6 ft., each 80c; 12 for \$8.00.

MAPLE (Hard or Sugar). One of the most beautiful of all American Ornamental Trees. The tree grows pyramidal in form; has large, handsome, rich green foliage which turns a bright orange-yellow or a brilliant red with the first touch of frost in the Fall. Valuable for both sugar and timber. Splendid street and yard tree. Nice 5 to 6 ft. trees, \$1.00 each.

NORWAY MAPLE. One of the most beautiful and desirable trees for planting on the lawn for ornamental purposes. In size it is large, of perfect outline, with deep green foliage which turns to pale yellow in Autumn. It is especially recommended for planting in parks, boulevards, and gardens. It is quite similar to the Schwedleri or Red Maple in that the leaves come out in the Spring, red. They turn slowly to green as the season advances. We find that this tree is hardy here in the North and grows to about the size of the Hard Maple, and in fact they grow faster. 5-6 ft. trees, 65c each; \$6.50 per doz. 6-7 ft. trees, 85c each; \$8.50 per doz.

MAPLE (Soft or Silver). One of the most rapid growing of our street trees. Makes a splendid tree also for planting in groves on the farm.

	Each	Per 12
5 to 6 ft. trees	\$0.50	\$5.00
6 to 8 ft. trees .....	.75	7.50

Ornamental and Shade Trees

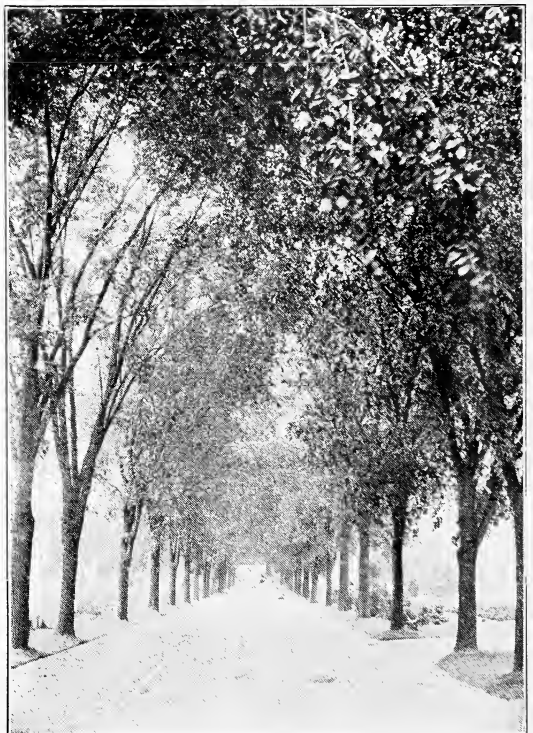
(Shipped by Express Only)

ASH, American White. A very valuable native tree of rapid growth, which forms a straight trunk with broad, oval shaped head, and desirable for ornamental planting as well as for timber and windbreak work. We consider the White Ash the most valuable tree for park uses, planting as street trees or as an individual shade tree, for the greater portion of North and South Dakota and portions of western Minnesota. Where the rainfall is somewhat uncertain and where the Winter climate is very trying, it is above all trees the tree to plant. Parties wishing large quantities should write for special prices. Fine straight bodied trees, all transplanted stock.

	Each	Per 12
4 to 5 ft. trees	\$0.40	\$4.00
5 to 6 ft. trees .....	.50	5.00
6 to 8 ft. trees .....	.60	6.00
8 to 10 ft. trees .....	.70	7.00

MOUNTAIN ASH, European. This tree is covered from midsummer till Winter with large clusters of beautiful colored berries giving a brilliant color to the landscape. An excellent ornamental tree for the lawn, forming without pruning, a magnificent, comparatively dense, well-shaped head. The foliage is very handsome. The Mountain Ash is considered one of the choicest trees for the Northwest and deserves extensive planting. 4-5 ft. trees, \$1.25 each; 5-6 ft. trees, \$1.50 each.

CATALPA speciosa (The Hardy Catalpa). A very rapid growing lawn and park tree. The leaves are very large, heart-shaped; the flowers, which come in June in great panicles, are white and very sweet scented. A single tree in full bloom will scent the atmosphere of an entire block. When the blooms fall they are followed by great long bean-like pods which hang on the tree all Winter. We have a splendid stock of Catalpa with nice straight bodies, from Minnesota grown seed. Nice 4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; 6 for \$3.50. 5-6 ft. trees, each 85c; 6 for \$4.25.



American Elm.

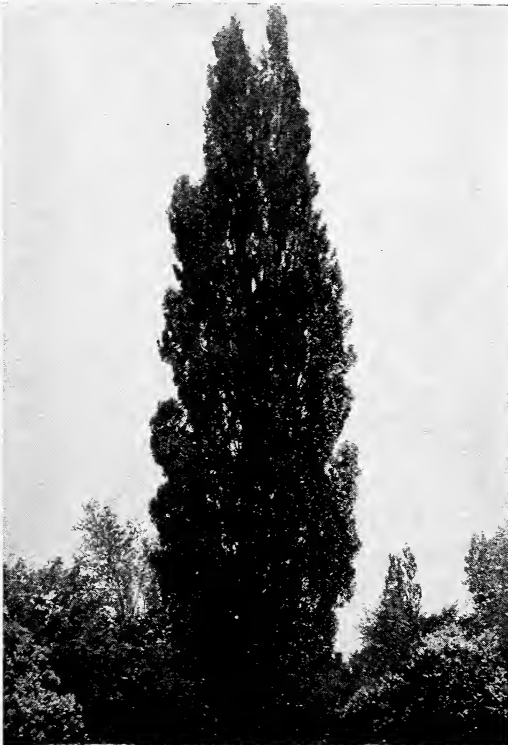
POPLAR, Lombardy. Sometimes called Italian Poplar. One of the most striking and picturesque trees grown. A tall, narrow, columnar tree growing sixty to a hundred feet straight up. The tall, spire-shaped tops are landmarks in almost every populated region from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Canadian frontier to the Mexican boundary. Longer lived than the Carolina Poplar. It has bright green, glossy leaves. Used as a windbreak, as its branches do not spread out, also extensively planted to prevent blowing of sand in the western country. It is of special value in landscape work, where it is planted to relieve monotonous sky lines and to increase the apparent height of hills. 5 to 6 ft. trees, each 60c; 12 for \$6.00.

NORWAY POPLAR. A very distinct tree in habit of growth, making a straight, somewhat pyramidal head. The foliage is large, thickly borne, bright and glossy. It grows rapidly in most every soil, yet it possesses strength and durability which most of the Poplars lack. This Poplar is known as the sudden saw log, on account of its being such a rapid grower. 4 to 5 ft. trees, each 15c; 12 for \$1.50. 5 to 6 ft. trees, 20 each; 12 for \$2.00.

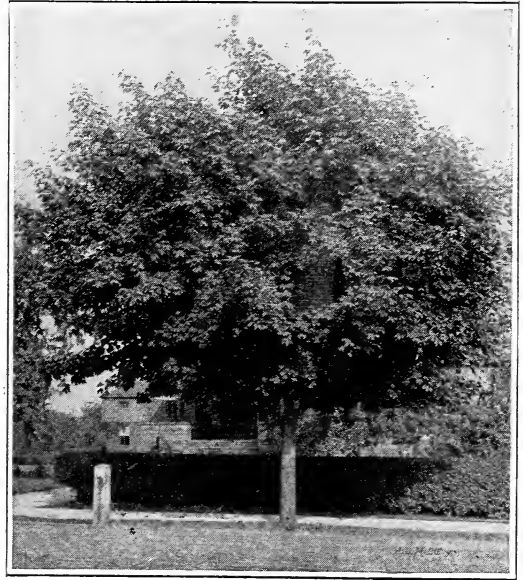
POPLAR, Silver. A tree of wonderfully rapid growth and wide-spreading habit, with large leaves which are glossy green above and white as snow beneath. It flourishes everywhere. The large leaves are on slender stalks and easily stirred by the wind, when the white under side is shown to fine effect. Each Per 12

4 to 5 ft. trees	.....\$0.25	\$2.75
5 to 6 ft. trees	..... .35	3.75

LAUREL LEAF WILLOW. A beautiful, medium-sized tree which can be clipped into any desirable shape. Leaves are shining laurel-like which make the tree very conspicuous in the sunlight. The bark is bright green and beautiful the year round. Perfectly hardy. Nice 3 to 4 ft. trees, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz. 4 to 5 ft. trees, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.



Lombardy Poplar.



Norway Maple.

(See opposite page for description).

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. Trees are extremely hardy and useful as shade trees and for hedge purposes. They always make a wide, large crown, bear annually and abundantly. The fruit can be put up with cherries, gooseberries, or rhubarb, and is relished by most everybody. Poultry men should plant this tree as the berries make excellent food, and are healthy for the chickens. We have some nice 5 to 6 ft. transplanted trees at 45c each; \$4.50 per doz.

BLACK LOCUST. Large tree of very rapid growth. Fine shade tree and quite ornamental. The flowers, which are yellowish white, appear in June in long pendulous racemes. The wood is very valuable for posts, growing quicker than any other hardwood tree and producing good post timber in six years from planting. Black Locust posts, with few exceptions, outlast the posts from all other timber. Nice 4 to 5 ft. trees, each 25c; 10 for \$2.00.

NATIVE WHITE BIRCH. Of all our hardy ornamental trees, there is none that gives more pleasure and greater satisfaction as a purely lawn tree, than the Native White Birch. It is very hardy, being a native of Minnesota and Wisconsin, and is to be found all over the wooded portions of these states, along the hillsides bordering on their many streams. The bark is not white on the young tree until the tree reaches an age of about six years, when beginning at the bottom, the bark gradually turns white up the entire trunk of the tree and along the greater part of the larger limbs. The tree then forms a beautiful contrast on a well-kept green lawn. Strong 5 to 6 ft. trees, each \$1.25; 6 for \$6.25.

PURPLE LEAVED PLUM. This splendid ornamental tree comes from the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm and is absolutely hardy here. The bark of the new growths of the tree together with the leaves are an intense deep purple from early Spring until late Fall. Covered all over in the Spring with beautiful white plum-like blossoms. Grows to be a fair sized tree. Very hardy and ornamental. Bears plums of good eating quality. Nice 3 to 4 ft. trees, each 60c; 4 to 5 ft. trees, each 70c; 5 to 6 ft. trees, each 80c.



Cut-Leaved Weeping Birch.

years past our sales of such trees have mounted well up towards a million trees. Our stock is all well grown, thrifty, and is priced at prices that are bound to move it.

BLACK LOCUST. A rapid growing timber tree that quickly enables the farmer to raise his own fence posts. Hardy throughout Southern Minnesota and Eastern South Dakota. 18 to 24 inches, \$1.25 per 100; \$9.00 per 1,000. 3 to 4 ft. trees, \$2.00 per 100; \$17.00 per 1000. 4 to 5 ft. trees, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

CATALPA speciosa. Another very fast growing tree extensively grown for fence posts. Fence posts can be grown on any little patch of what otherwise would be waste. Our Catalpas are the hardy Northern variety, grown from Minnesota seed. 8 to 24 inches, \$2.00 per 100; \$15.00 per 1000.

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. Extensively used as a low windbreak just inside taller trees to break the ground winds as it makes a very dense growth. It is a very hardy, rapid-growing tree that produces an abundance of good-quality fruit, which makes splendid pies, preserves and jelly. If planted in rows for windbreaks, it furnishes large quantities of fruit which the birds like very much, and which will keep them from the fruit being grown for market. The Russian Mulberry once planted, needs no cultivation after the first year and from then on will take care of itself. 18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 per 100; \$14.00 per 1000. 2 to 3 ft. stock, \$2.50 per 100; \$22.00 per 1000. 5 to 6 ft. trees, 45c each.

RUSSIAN GOLDEN WILLOW. Now very extensively used through the Northwest for a windbreak tree about the farmsteads. Most desirable because of its beautiful golden bark in the Winter time. Nothing livens the somber greys of the Winter landscape as will a grove of Golden Willow. Prices of trees same as Canadian Poplar. Also 4 to 6 ft. trees, 15c each; \$5.00 per 100.

NORWAY POPLAR. This is the fastest growing of all the Poplars. We have had one-year-old trees twelve feet high from cuttings planted in the Spring. This Poplar is known as the sudden saw-log. Very hardy. Splendid windbreak tree. Price same as Canadian Poplar. Also 4 to 5 ft. trees, 15c each; \$5.00 per 100. 5 to 6 ft. trees, 20c each; 12 for \$2.00.

SIBERIAN PEA TREE *Caragana arborescens*). A very hardy tree from Siberia. Used much for hedge purposes, for wind and snow breaks, and for ornamental purposes. Covered in the Spring with racemes of yellow flowers which later develop into pods like peas. This tree is very extensively planted in northwestern Canada, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska and western Minnesota for windbreak purposes. Grows into a dense windbreak when so planted; about 10 feet high which makes one of the best possible snow breaks that one can have.

	Each	Per 10
18 to 24 inches	\$0.15	\$0.90
2 to 3 ft. ....	.25	1.25

Weeping Trees

NIOBE WEeping WILLOW. This is the only Weeping Willow that will stand the northern climate. The tree has the graceful weeping growth of the well known Wisconsin Weeping Willow, is much hardier and has in the Winter the beautiful golden bark of the Russian Golden Willow. A splendid lawn tree. 5 to 6 ft. trees, each 60c; 6 for \$3.00.

WIER CUT LEAF WEeping MAPLE. Hardest, longest lived, and most beautiful of all the Weeping trees that we are now able to grow in the North. The leaves are finely cut and the branches droop as gracefully as those of the Cut Leaf Weeping Birch. Strong, 5 to 6 ft. trees, each \$1.25.

CUT-LEAVED WEeping BIRCH. The most graceful of the weeping trees as you will note from the accompany photograph. Considered one of the loveliest of lawn specimens and adds distinction to any planting. The leaves are deeply and irregularly cut. The quick growth, light branches and airy appearance of this Birch and the beautiful bark make it indispensable. They thrive on high, dry or stony soils, as well as in ordinary places. Nice 4-5 ft. specimen trees, each \$2.25; 6 for \$12.00. Nice 5-6 ft. trees, \$3.00 each; \$16.50 for 6.

Windbreak Trees

We grow Willows, Poplar and Russian Olive as forest windbreak trees in enormous quantities and each year for several years past our sales of such trees have mounted well up towards a million trees. Our stock is all well grown, thrifty, and is priced at prices that are bound to move it.

CANADIAN POPLAR. The hardest of the Poplars. Will grow farther North and do better than any other Poplar. Valuable in the extreme North where a hardy, rapid growing windbreak tree is wanted. Produces no cotton.

	Per 100	1000
12 to 24 inch	\$1.75	\$15.00
2 to 3 ft.	3.00	25.00
3 to 4 ft.	4.00	35.00
4 to 5 ft.	15c each	5.00

LAUREL LEAF WILLOW. A beautiful tree that grows to a medium height. Grows a very dense top which makes a wonderfully close and beautiful windbreak or grove tree. The leaves are a deep, dark green, of thick leathery appearance and glisten as though varnished. Very desirable. Prices of trees same as for Canadian Poplar, except 3 to 4 ft. trees, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz. 4 to 5 ft. trees, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz.

RUSSIAN OLIVE. Hardy through the entire United States. Makes an excellent windbreak tree because of its rapid growing ability. It also makes a beautiful lawn tree with spreading top; nearly black, shining bark, and silvery-white long, narrow foliage. The small yellow blossoms have a wonderful fragrance. The exquisite perfumes are carried long distances in the air. 2 to 3 ft., \$5.00 per 100; \$40.00 per 1000.



Russian Mulberries.

Ornamental Shrubs

Shrubs should be planted in groups, or in borders around the house, and along the boundary divisions; the taller growing varieties in the background, or in the center of the group, then medium-sized plants, with shrubs of low, dwarf spreading habit for the foreground or border.

For large plantings use as a background such shrubs as the Sweet Syringa, the Bush Honey-suckles and Lilacs. In front of these should be planted the lower growing shrubs, Spirea Van Houttei, with Hydrangeas, Barberry Thunbergi, Flowering Almond and Spirea Anthony Waterer in the foreground.

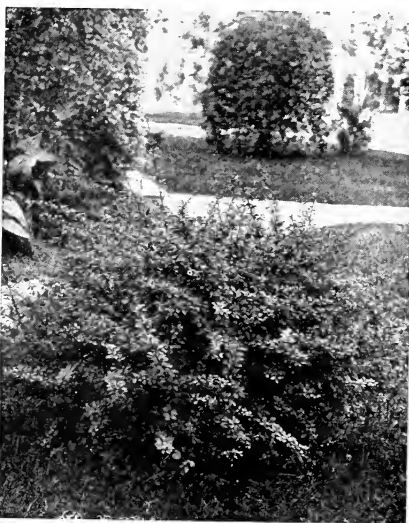
For many years we have given a great deal of attention to the growing of ornamental shrubs and at one time we were the largest growers of hardy shrub plants in Minnesota. But we have cut down considerably now just to those varieties which do best in this climate. These we recommend strongly to planters in the Northwest as they have been thor-

oughly tested out. Our shrubs are well grown and in most cases you are getting shrubs that we have grown for three years. You can depend upon getting shrubs from us fully up to the size specified. We do not believe in skimping in size. Our shrubs are grown under most favorable conditions and will invariably make an excellent growth each season.

ALMOND, Double-Flowering, Pink. A beautiful May-flowering shrub that grows four feet high. Should be planted in a sunny place. Does especially well planted close to the south side of buildings. The branches are covered just as the leaves begin to come, with small very double rose-like flowers that are deep pink. Very showy. One of our most beautiful shrubs. All our Almonds are either on their own roots or are budded on the root of the wild plum. This makes them absolutely hardy. One of these should be in every yard. **Fine 2-yr. stock, 2 to 3 ft., 95c each.**



Double-Flowering Almond.



Berberis Thunbergi—Japanese Barberry.

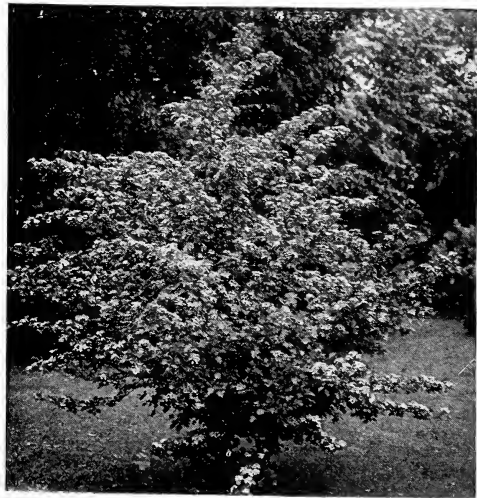
SCARLET THORN, Hawthorn. This beautiful shrub is much more common in England and the East than the middle West. However, it is being grown more and is in greater demand as the larger variety of shrubs are used for plantings in the middle West. Anyone who has seen this Scarlet Thorn in the East or England are always desirous of a hedge of them or specimen plants for the yard. They especially have symmetrical forms, glossy green leaves, attractive fruits and double, scarlet flowers. This makes them very desirable in any planting. We have some exceptionally fine stock of the Scarlet Thorn in the tree form that run better than six feet to whips and are just what is desired for plantings. They can quickly and easily be grown to suit their conditions. **5-6 ft. stock, \$2.40 each; \$13.50 per 6.**

BERBERIS Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). This Barberry is not subject to rust. One of the best all around shrubs for the Northwest, thriving under all conditions. Slender, graceful branches with fine bright green foliage, turning to brilliant crimson and orange in Fall. Branches are covered with small yellow flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries that stay on the bushes almost all Winter. This is the best low hedge for the Northwest. **12 to 18 inches, heavy transplanted stock, 25c each; 12 for \$2.50; 100 for \$18.00. 18 to 24 inches, each 35c; per doz., \$3.50. 24 to 30 inch specimen plants, each 45c; 6 for \$2.40.**

BUCKTHORN. A shrub generally used for hedging purposes. Few people realize what a beautiful plant it makes when grown as an individual shrub for the lawn. Grown thus it makes one of our prettiest shrubs. It can be kept trimmed to any height and in any shape. A very graceful shrub with beautiful dark green foliage. I once saw a single Buckthorn specimen trimmed into the form of a ball. It formed a solid, dense, green ball 8 feet in diameter and absolutely round.

	Each	Per 12
12 to 18 inches	\$.12	\$1.20
18 to 24 inches	.18	1.80
2 to 3 ft.	.20	2.00
3 to 4 ft.	.30	3.00

Notice. To those who are interested in Seeds would suggest that you write us for prices on Seed Corn and Alfalfa. We have some high quality, high germinating Corn, also some high test Alfalfa. We will be glad to quote on your wants and are satisfied that you will save money by writing us.



Scarlet Thorn,

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—Continued

CRAB, Bechtel Double-Flowering. This is one of the most beautiful of all our large growing shrubs. Can be planted on the lawn to take the place of a small tree. Grows to the size of a small tree. In the blooming season is covered all over with very double delicate pink blooms that look almost exactly like medium-sized roses. The perfume is wonderfully sweet and scents the atmosphere for a long distance with the perfume of the wild crab. The small trees look more like tree roses than anything else. Very fine.

	Each	Per 6
18 to 24 inches	\$0.75	\$3.60
2 to 3 ft. ....	.90	4.50
3 to 4 ft.	1.00	5.00

CORNUS sibirica (Red Siberian Dogwood). A tall spreading shrub, which is extremely hardy, and splendid for hedge or groups of shrubbery. Panicles of white flowers in June are followed by clusters of berries. Its chief beauty, however, is in its bark, which turns bright crimson as Autumn approaches. Planted extensively for Winter effect. 2 to 3 ft., each 35c; 6 for \$1.60.

ELDER, Golden (*Sambucus aurea*). A very striking shrub similar to the common American Elder in appearance with the exception of the color of the leaves which are a beautiful bright gold from their first appearance in the Spring until they drop in the Fall. The best of our golden leaved shrubs. 2 to 3 ft. each 45c; 12 for \$3.60.

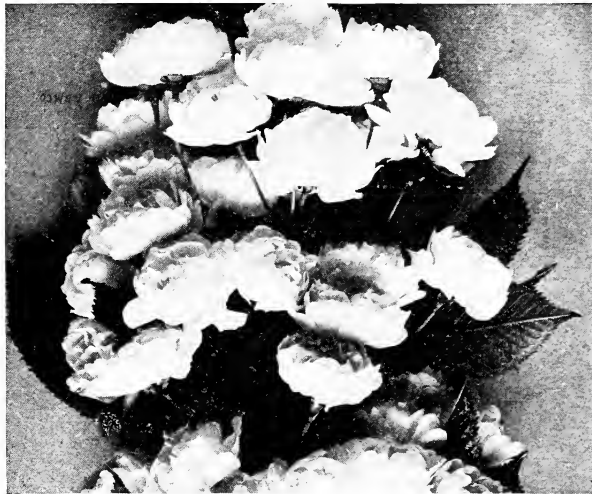
Shrubs are usually sent by express or freight. On small orders we can ship by parcel post. If you want your order to go by mail, add from 25c to 50c to cover postage. If this is not enough we will ask for the additional amount due or return the balance after shipping.



Cornus Sibirica—Siberian Red Dogwood.



Prunus Triloba. (Described on opposite page.)



COTONEASTER acutifolia. One of the most beautiful of all our small, hardy shrubs. An extra nice shrub to use as an individual specimen or to work in with other sorts. Very symmetrical in growth. The limbs, which are long and slender, after leaving the main central leader turn sharply upward and parallel it in growth, making a very neat and beautiful appearance. Covered with beautiful, glossy leaves. Very fine. Nice 2-ft. plants, 35c each; 6 for \$1.75.

HIGHBUSH CRANBERRY (*Viburnum opulus*). A magnificent large shrub with upright and spreading form. The

Bechtel's Double-Flowering Crab.

leaves are broad, oval, three-lobed and bright green. The small, white flowers, which appear in early Summer, are borne in broad, flat clusters surrounded by a ring of large, sterile flowers. These are followed by very showy scarlet berries which cling to the bush all Winter, as they are not disturbed by the birds. It will thrive and grow to perfection in the coldest climates or where the extremes of heat and cold are greatest.

	Each	Per 12
8 to 12 inches	\$0.20	\$3.00
18 to 24 inches .....	.60	6.00
2 to 3 ft. ....	.75	7.50

If by mail, add 5c to the price of each; 15c to the dozen price.

HONEYSUCKLE (Upright or Bush). This is one of our favorite shrubs. Absolutely hardy, does splendidly even in the drier portions of the Dakotas and Montana. A nice trim, clean looking shrub that grows to a height of from 6 to 10 feet. It is covered in May and June with a myriad of small star-shaped flowers either white, light pink, and deep pink or red, when it is very fragrant. Very desirable for hedging as it makes a beautiful hedge that never dies out. Splendid for planting as a screen to shut off the view of objectionable buildings and as a tall background for lower growing shrubs. We have the white and light pink in the larger sizes quoted here and deep pink or red in the hedging size only, for which see hedging stock.

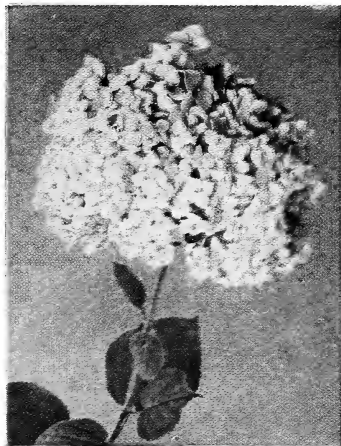
	Each	Per 12
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.30	\$3.00
3 to 4 ft. ....	.40	4.00

SHRUBS—Continued

HYDRANGEA arborescens (Hills of Snow). This is the early blooming outdoor Hydrangea. It comes into bloom just after the early Spring flowers. The branches are well clothed in large, beautiful deep green leaves and each branch is terminated with a great glistening snow white bloom of immense size. Does best in partial shade. One of our best shrubs. **Very fine 1-yr. plants, 12-18 inch stock, fine roots and tops, 25c each; 6 for \$1.25. 18-24 inch plants, 50c each; 6 for \$2.50. 2-3 ft. plants, 80c each; 6 for \$4.50. Specimen plants guaranteed to bloom this Summer, \$1.50 each.**

HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. The most beautiful and striking of all flowering shrubs. Bears immense clusters of creamy white flowers in August, turning to bright pink and rose, and finally to bronze in September, as they grow older. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, does well in sunny locations. Valuable for specimen planting and for borders, and should be in every garden. Should be cut back in Spring before growth starts. The flowers dry like everlasting and can be kept indoors all Winter. The plants are as hardy as the oak. **18-24 inch plants, 60c each; 6 for \$3.25. 2-3 ft., 80c each; 6 for \$4.50.**

HYDRANGEA, Tree. The lovely Hydrangea paniculata in tree form. These fine trees are three to four feet high, with strong, erect stems and splendid crowns, bearing great trusses of flowers. They are very effective for lawn; or if planted along the walk or driveway, they are wonderful when in bloom. The tree Hydrangea is very hard to ship alone without breaking. We cannot send them by mail. Neither should they be sent alone by express but they should be shipped together with other tall shrubs so we can pack them so as to insure safe arrival. **4-5 ft. trees, \$1.75 each.**



Hydrangea Arborescens.

PURPLE LEAVED PLUM. We have long needed a purple leaved shrub that was hardy to set off our plantings in the North. This splendid ornamental shrub is absolutely hardy here. The leaves are an intense deep purple from early Spring until late Fall. In the Spring it is covered with beautiful white plum-like blossoms. Grows to be a fair sized tree. Very hardy and ornamental. **4-5 ft. trees, 70c each; 5-6 ft. trees, 80c each.**

PRUNUS triloba (Double Flowering Plum). The favorite Spring flowering shrub in Minnesota, and one of the finest in cultivation. It is of dwarf tree habit, every branch completely covered with small double pink flowers, in May, before the leaves appear. Should not be planted among other shrubs. We consider the Double Flowering Almond, the Bechtel Crab, and the Prunus Triloba the three most beautiful of the early flowering shrubs that can be grown in the Northwest. **4-5 ft. trees, \$1.30 each; 6 for \$6.60. 3-4 ft. trees, \$1.05 each; 6 for \$5.40.**



Spirea Anthony Waterer.

LILAC, Common White. This is substantially the same as the purple, save in the color of its flowers, which are pure white. In May it forms one of the most charming sights the garden affords, with its handsome clusters of exquisitely fragrant flowers shining out in contrast with the bright green, heart-shaped leaves. Try these. We know you will be delighted. **2-3 ft., 55c each; 6 for \$2.90. 18-24 in., 35c each; 6 for \$1.70.**

LILAC, Common Purple. The old-fashioned Lilac, which grows into a very high bush, with bright green, heart-shaped leaves. In May the plant is crowned with its wondrous wealth of light purple flowers in clusters. It is, without doubt, the best-known and most popular shrub grown, and notwithstanding the introductions of so many new flowering shrubs of late years, the Lilac holds its own. A fine, tall shrub for the lawn and one of the best for a fancy hedge. Can be used to a good advantage in making effective backgrounds for smaller shrubs. Hardy everywhere. **18-24 in., 30c each; 6 for \$1.40. 2-3 ft., 50c each; 6 for \$2.60.**

PERSIAN LILAC. Purple. Blooms a good deal more than the common, and has smaller leaves. Does not sprout as much from the roots. We prefer the Persian for the flowers, but the leaves of the common are decidedly prettier. **3-4 ft., 75c each; 6 for \$4.00.**

SPIREA Anthony Waterer. One of the finest flowering shrubs of low, dwarf growth. In constant bloom from June to September. Flowers of bright rose are borne in broad flat clusters, completely covering the bush. The best shrub for low borders and hedges. **Strong plants 12 to 18 inches, 60c each; 6 for \$3.20. 18 to 24 inches, 75c each; 6 for \$4.10.**

SPIREA arguta. A slender shrub, 3 to 5 feet high, with branches a snowy mass of clear white flowers in early May. **18 to 24 inches, 60c each; 6 for \$3.00.**



Persian Lilac.



Syringa—Mock Orange.

SPIREA BILLIARDI. A handsome, tall-growing Spirea with brown hairy branches and fine foliage. Vigorous and hardy, growing six feet tall. Bright pink flowers are borne in long spikes during July and August. **18 to 24 inches, each, 25c; 6 for \$1.25. 2 to 3 feet, each, 30c; 6 for \$1.55.**

SPIREA callosa alba. This might be called a sister to the Anthony Waterer except it is white. It can be used in the same place and in the same way as Anthony Waterer. Good for border. Looks well mixed in with Anthony Waterer. Blooms late Summer up until Fall. **18 to 24 inches, each 45c; 6 for \$2.40.**

SPIREA sorbifolia. A splendid Spirea growing to a height of about five feet, covered with large, clean bright green leaves that resemble the leaves of the Mountain Ash. Produces a world of great white, feathery blooms about six inches long by four inches in diameter. A splendid Spirea to plant about the home. **2 to 3 ft., each 40c; 6 for \$2.00. 3 to 4 ft., each, 60c; 6 for \$3.00.**

SPIREA Van Houttei. One of the finest shrubs ever produced. Its good qualities and beauty cannot be exaggerated. Very graceful, with lovely foliage, growing four to six feet tall; extremely hardy everywhere. In May and June the whole bush is simply covered with small clusters of white flowers. For lawn and cemetery planting, and for hedges, it cannot be equalled. **12 to 18 inches, each 18c; 6 for 95c; 18 to 24 inches, each 25c; 6 for \$1.25. 2 to 3 ft., each 35c; 6 for \$1.80; 3 to 4 ft., each, 50c; 6 for \$2.60.**

SPIREA Froebeli. Similar in style, habit of growth and color to the Anthony Waterer. The bright rose colored flowers are borne in broad, flat clusters from June to September. **Strong 18 to 24 inch plants, each, 40c; 6 for \$2.10.**

SNOWBALL. That good old bush that hardly seems to need description so well known is it. A tall growing, absolutely hardy shrub covered in late May with great masses of snowball-like blooms. **Strong, 2 to 3 ft. plants, each 75c; 6 for \$4.00.**

SNOWBERRY, Red (Coralberry). A beautiful little shrub of delicate appearance much used in planting among the smaller shrubs. Slender drooping branches covered with delicate light green leaves and small pink or red berries. **Strong 18 to 24 inch plants, each 25c; 6 for \$1.25. 2 to 3 ft. stock, each 35c; 6 for \$1.75.**

SWEET SYRINGA. We have often wondered why more Syringas are not planted. It is simply because few people know the remarkable beauty of the shrub. The Sweet Syringa is just as beautiful as the Spirea Van Houttei, of which we sell thousands each year, and it is twice as large a bush. It grows to a height of from 8 to 9 feet, is broad in proportion and covered with beautiful foliage. In the blooming season the entire shrub is covered with great waxy white flowers from one and one-half to two inches in diameter. The Syringa has a wonderful perfume. A single shrub in bloom will scent an entire city block with the odor of orange blossoms. **2 to 3 ft. plants, each 50c; 6 for \$2.50. 3-4 ft. plants, each 70c; 6 for \$3.80.**

SUMAC. Fern-leaved. Staghorn Sumac. This variety of native Staghorn Sumac was found on the hills of Vermont. It is of rapid, robust growth, producing cones of bright red fruit. Leaves beautifully formed, rivalling the most delicate fern. For massing with other shrubs, the effect is striking. Can also be cut to the ground each season and a mass of beautiful foliage will result. The shrub will thrive on the poorest of soils with a surprising luxuriance. In the Fall, the leaves turn to the most beautiful pinkish red, a large group of them is a wonderful sight. Probably the best of the Sumacs. **Strong, 2 ft. stock, each, 50c.**



Spirea Van Houttei.



Hedge Plants

There is nothing as effective for boundaries of a lawn, or property division as a hedge. It requires no repairs or paint, nor does it decay, and is therefore much more economical than a fence of wood, wire or iron. For a stiff, formal hedge, Buckthorn is the best for the Northwest, for it is absolutely hardy, and can be trimmed very closely. If a low hedge is wanted, plant Barberry Thunbergi, which is one of the most attractive. Where a tall hedge is required for screening, we recommend Spirea Van Houttei, Upright Honeysuckle and Caragana. Any of these three will make a rapid growth and a perfect screen. They can be trimmed to a hedge of medium height or allowed to grow 8 to 15 feet high.

BARBERRY Thunbergi. This is the very best shrub where a low growing hedge is desired. Can be grown either as trimmed hedge or natural. Generally attains a height of about 2½ feet. Leaves turn crimson in Fall. Covered with pretty red berries during Winter. Heavy plants quoted under shrubs. **Nice hedge stock, 12 to 18 inches, 25 for \$4.50; 100 for \$16.00. 18 to 24 inches, 25 for \$7.00; \$25.00 per 100.**

BUCKTHORN (*Rhamnus cathartica*). If planted in single rows, plant twelve inches apart. If planted in double rows, plant the rows twelve inches apart with the plants eighteen inches apart in the row and alternate as you plant so as to break joints. The best hedge plant for this section. Thick, lustrous green leaves, spiny branches and black berries; extremely

hardy and stands clipping well. **12 to 18 inches, 25 for \$2.75; 100 for \$7.50. 18 to 24 inches, 25 for \$3.50; 100 for \$10.00. 2 to 3 ft., 25 for \$4.25; 100 for \$15.00.**

UPRIGHT HONEYSUCKLE. The upright Honeysuckle makes a splendid hedge for a division line where a tall hedge is wanted. It is covered with bright green foliage and beautiful light pink, or dark pink blossoms. Blossoms followed by long red berries in September which hang on into the Winter after the foliage has dropped. This can be grown as either a tall, medium or low hedge, just as desired. When grown in the two larger sizes it is usually covered all Winter with red berries.

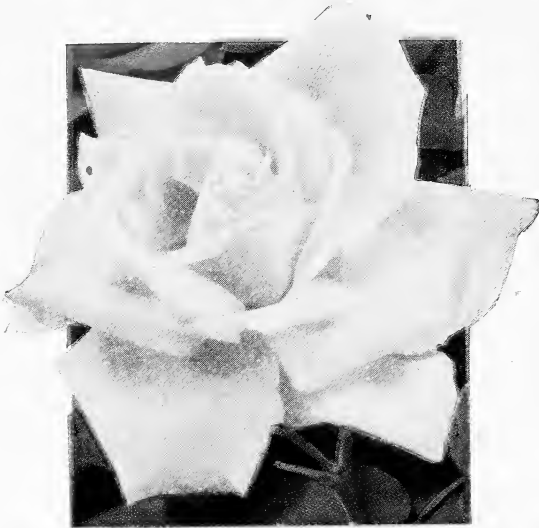
	Per 25	100
Light pink, 12 to 18 inches	\$3.50	12.00

CARAGANA (Siberian Pea Tree). For a low hedge, plant a foot apart. For a screen plant five feet apart. Delicate foliage, similar to that of locust, with bright yellow flowers in May. **18 to 24 inches, 25 for \$2.50; 100 for \$7.50. 2 to 3 ft., 25 for \$3.00; 100 for \$15.00.**

SPIREA Van Houttei. One of the finest shrubs ever produced. Its good qualities and beauty cannot be exaggerated. Very graceful, with lovely foliage, growing 4 to 6 feet tall; extremely hardy everywhere. For lawn and cemetery planting, and for hedges, it cannot be equalled. **12 to 18 inches, 25 for \$4.50; 100 for \$15.00. 18 to 24 inches, 25 for \$4.50; 100 for \$16.00. 2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$7.50; 100 for \$25.00.**



Berberis Thunbergi—Japanese Barberry.



Frau Karl Druschki.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. This we consider the finest and best of all white Roses. The largest and most beautiful white. Beautiful long pointed buds. Very large petals, pure waxy white.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ. This we consider the very finest deep red Rose that we can successfully grow in Minnesota. Many visits to the Minneapolis Rose Gardens, undoubtedly the finest collection of Roses in this part of the country, have finally led us to this conclusion. Always in bloom. A rich intense velvety crimson.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. A rich, velvety crimson, changing to a scarlet-crimson. This is the best known of all Hybrid Perpetuals, and is without rival in fragrance and richness of color. As easy of cultivation as many of the more common varieties and perfectly hardy. Does well anywhere and blooms freely. Also adapted for growing in the house.

HANSA RED RUGOSA. An early flowering hybrid combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossom beauty and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped and double, of a delicate crimson color. The hardiest of all Roses.

PAUL NEYRON. Blooms without cessation from June to November on long, stiff, thornless stems. Flowers cup-shaped and of the largest size. 4 to 6 inches across. Color a bright deep pink, the best all around pink Rose.



Paul Neyron.

Climbing Rose

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD. Most people are familiar with the Crimson Rambler. It is a beautiful Rose. When in blossom it is just a mass of bloom but it lasts only two or three weeks at the most. The Flower of Fairfield is an improved Crimson Rambler. Just as beautiful a flower and is in bloom all Summer continuously.

Four Roses, strong 2-year-old plants, our selection, taken from above varieties, \$2.10, not prepaid, or \$2.20, postpaid.

Hardy Garden Roses

Of all hardy plants, none are so well liked, or as valuable as Roses. There are Roses for every purpose. Rugosa Roses for hedges and borders; climbing and Rambler Roses for arbors, porches, and pergolas, and Hybrid Tea and Perpetual Roses for the garden. Roses should be planted as early as possible, in rich, rather moist soil, with good drainage. They require a great deal of sunlight, and, in this locality, some protection during the Winter. Leaves, straw or manure may be covered over them. Roses should be well pruned when planted, and cut back each year, before leaf buds begin to swell.

Our Roses are all strong, 2-year No. 1, field-grown stock and are not to be confused with the small tender Roses sent out in pots from greenhouses. We had decided not to carry Roses any more, and have written to some of our old customers to that effect. But so many orders at this early date coming in for them that we have decided to carry just a few varieties, what we consider only the very best white, the very best red, and the very best yellow in bush Roses, and one good red climbing Rose. The one great reason why people do not have better success with Roses is that they do not trim them right before planting and then do not plant them right.

We recommend that our Roses be cut back to five inches and planted very deep.

Prices, except where noted, strong, two-year plants, not prepaid, each 65c; 12 for \$6.50. Postpaid, each 70c, 12 for \$6.80.

PERSIAN YELLOW. The hardy yellow Rose of your mother's garden. A golden yellow, semi-double. Very hardy. Does not need any cover in Winter. **Price, not prepaid, strong 2-yr. plants, 70c each; 12 for \$6.80. Prepaid, strong, two-year plants, 75c each; 12 for \$7.30.**

SWEET BRIER ROSE. The true English Sweet Brier or Eglantine. The single pink flowers are quite artistic but it is valued most on account of the refreshing fragrance of its leaves.

CRIMSON BABY RAMBLER. One of the best hardy bedding Roses. Very vigorous and grows 18 to 24 inches high. The semi-double flowers are borne in clusters of 20, 30 or more to the cluster. It blooms all the time indoors and from May to November outdoors.



Gruss an Teplitz.

Hardy Climbing Vines

In Climbing Vines we are offering only strictly No. 1 stock.

Prices of all vines except where noted, each 35c; 6 for \$1.75, not prepaid. By mail, postpaid, each 40c; 6 for \$2.00.

AMPELOPSIS Englemanni (Engelmann Ivy). One of the finest vines for training about porches and for covering stone walls. It is the best and hardiest vine for the Northwest. Especially beautiful in Autumn when it turns crimson and orange. It is the only perfectly hardy vine that will cling to brick, stone or cement. It is used extensively on churches and large buildings.

BIGNONIA RADICANS (Trumpet Vine). A robust, tall climber with great leathery trumpet-shaped flowers of scarlet, that last all Summer. A beautiful showy vine, useful for fences, screens, stumps, etc.

BITTERSWEET. Handsome, glossy foliage and large clusters of beautiful orange-crimson fruit retained all Winter, its graceful sprays of berries making Winter house decorations. It is perfectly hardy.

HALL'S JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE. A vigorous grower and continuous bloomer. The sweet scented flowers open white, changing to cream. The foliage remains green almost all Winter.

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE. The best known and most popular variety. Broad, deep green leaves in pairs united at base, remaining until late. Clusters of long, scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers are followed by red berries in Fall.



Clematis Jackmani.

CLEMATIS Jackmani (Large-Flowering). The most satisfactory of its class. Immense, velvety, deep purple flowers, borne in clusters. Blooms profusely all Summer, on young shoots; should be pruned in Spring. Jackmani is the liveliest and most vigorous large-flowering Clematis. Its flowers have a spread of from five to seven inches. **Strong plants, 2-yr.-No. 1, \$1.20 each, not prepaid; \$1.30 each, prepaid.**



Chinese Purple Wisteria.

KUDZU VINE. A remarkably rapid-growing vine for ornament and shade. It produces many graceful twining stems, 20 to 30 feet long, in a season. Leaves are dark green and of soft, woolly texture. Purple flowers resembling miniature Wisteria, are borne in clusters.

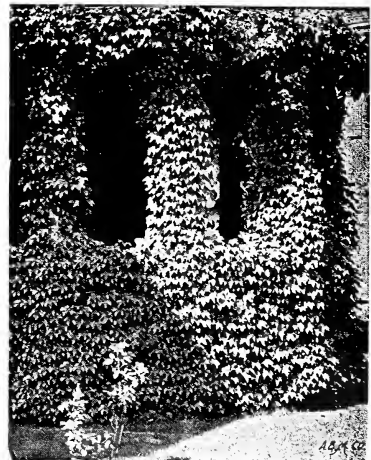
CHINESE PURPLE WISTERIA. One of the handsomest climbers with beautiful foliage which remains green until late Autumn. The great trusses of purple flowers appear in May and again in August and September. Wisterias succeed in any kind of soil, but to insure abundance of flowers, the soil must be liberally enriched when first planted. One of the best climbers. **Strong 2-yr.-old plants, each 50c; 6 for \$2.50.**

BETA GRAPE. Where a rapid climbing vine is wanted to cover a screened south porch, arbor in the garden, a partition fence between lots, nothing is better than planting a vine of the Beta Grape. It is absolutely hardy, does not have to be taken down in the Fall; will run 16 to 20 feet in a single year, and not only fulfills the purpose called for in a vine but will also bear an abundance of luscious fruit at the same time. **Strong 2-yr.-old plants, not prepaid, 25c each; 6 for \$1.35; 12 for \$2.50. Postpaid, by mail, 30c each; 6 for \$1.55; 12 for \$2.80.**



Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.

CLEMATIS paniculata (Small-Flowering). This is one of the handsomest and most satisfactory flowering climbers. Of strong, rapid growth, with small, dense foliage forming a most effective background for the delicate white flowers, which are deliciously fragrant. Flowers last from August to October and are followed by silvery, feathery seed pods. Thrives in any location and soil, is free from blight and insects. A splendid vine for porches, trellises, also for covering fences, sloping banks, walls, etc. **Strong 2-yr.-old plants, each 50c, not prepaid. Strong 2-yr.-old plants, each 60c, postpaid.**



Ampelopsis Englemanni.

Peonies

The Peony will give the greatest returns with the least care of any flower that we know of. It should be planted in naturally rich soil, with good drainage for best results. They may be set out in the Fall from September 1st on until it freezes up and in the early Spring with equally good results. Plant in full sun if possible with the roots 4 to 5 feet apart. Plant the roots so that the small pink, red, or white buds have their tops just about two inches under the surface of the soil. Keep the soil well cultivated until July 15th each year.

If you are interested in Peonies, other than the varieties which we have listed, will suggest that you write to the Brand Peony Farms, of this city who will be glad to send you their catalog of Peony roots that they have for Spring shipment.

FESTIVA MAXIMA (Early). White. Extra large; full, globular, rose type. Pure white, with bright, carmine flakes on the edges of the center petals. Fragrant. Heavy and abundant clean, bright foliage. Abundant bloom on long strong stems. The most popular all-around white Peony in existence. Ranks seventh among the world's twenty-two best Peonies. **Large divisions, not prepaid, 75c each; 3 for \$1.80. By mail, 85c each; 3 for \$2.00.**

DUCHESS DE NEMOURS. (Early). One of the very best pure whites. Follows Festiva Maxima by a few days. A splendid cup-shaped sulphur-white flower with a greenish reflex that lights up the entire blossom, which gradually changes to a pure white. Exceptionally beautiful in the half-opened bud stage. **Large divisions, not prepaid, 60c each; 3 for \$1.55. By mail, 70c each; 3 for \$1.55.**

BLACK PRINCE. (Dark Black-Red). A large, loose, semi-rose type flower. A rich, dark maroon in color, almost black. One of the very darkest Peonies in cultivation. Petals slightly fringed with shadings on the edges. Opens early and lasts long. Free bloomer. Fine for cut flowers and as a landscape variety. **Large divisions, not prepaid, \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.40. By mail, \$1.10 each; 3 for \$2.55.**



Duchess de Nemours.



RACHEL. (Deep, bright Red). Here is a splendid flower. We are considered the greatest producers of red Peonies in the world. Rachel is the mother plant of most of the good reds that we have produced. A midseason red of medium height and medium size. Of beautiful form and very best color. Surely a splendid red. **Large divisions, each 75c; 3 for \$1.80, not prepaid. By mail, 85c each; 3 for \$2.00.**

MME. COSTE. (Pink). Tender rose, tinted glossy white. Tufted center. Very chaste variety. Midseason. **Large divisions, each 50c; 3 for \$1.05, not prepaid. By mail, each 60c; 3 for \$1.25.**

Black Prince. **BERANGER**. This is one of the finest of the pink Peonies. It is a rose type, very late; and it is exceptionally attractive in the bud form. Its blooms are very flat and compact. The color is clear violet rose with the center brighter. It is one of the Peonies with a superb fragrance. **Large divisions, not prepaid, 75c each; 3 for \$1.80. By mail, 85c each; 3 for \$2.00.**

SPECIAL PEONY COLLECTION NO. 1. We will supply with one good strong division of the above six (6) named varieties for \$3.75, not prepaid. If you wish this by mail, postpaid, our price is \$4.00.

SPECIAL PEONY COLLECTION NO. 2. This will include one good, strong division of each of three (3) of the above named varieties, our selection. We will include one of each of the three colors. **Price \$1.65, not prepaid. By mail, postpaid, \$1.80 for the collection.**

SPECIAL MIXED PEONIES. We can make you exceptionally low prices on these mixed Peonies which we know will be attractive. They are from the very best varieties, strong 3-to 5-eye divisions, in mixture of colors. **Not prepaid, 1 for 35c; 3 for 90c; 6 for \$1.70; 12 for \$3.00. By mail, 1 for 45c; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$2.00; 12 for \$3.50.**



Beranger.

IRIS

This is one of the most satisfactory of garden flowers. The blossoms are dainty, very beautiful, and rival orchids. They are very easy to grow and thrive in sunny well-drained soil, but will stand much abuse.

The hardiness of the Iris is indeed surprising. It will persist in living in spite of most adverse conditions. The wide extreme of desert heat and frigid Winters are withstood with greatest fortitude. Iris will grow in soil and in locations where other flowers could not exist. It is one of our finest and most delicate perennials and this, combined with ease in culture makes it doubly valuable and desirable.

Aim to plant some Iris this year, and be convinced of its good qualities and pleasing performance.

We list below, thirteen varieties which we can recommend for their general excellence.

FLORENTINA ALBA. 30 inches. Very early. Standard white; falls white, tinted porcelain. A large, beautiful and very fragrant flower. 25c; 3 for 50c.

RHEIN NIKE. Standards pure white; falls raspberry purple, edged white. A splendid grower that is always to be depended on. One of the finest and most striking in the whole list. 25c; 3 for 50c.

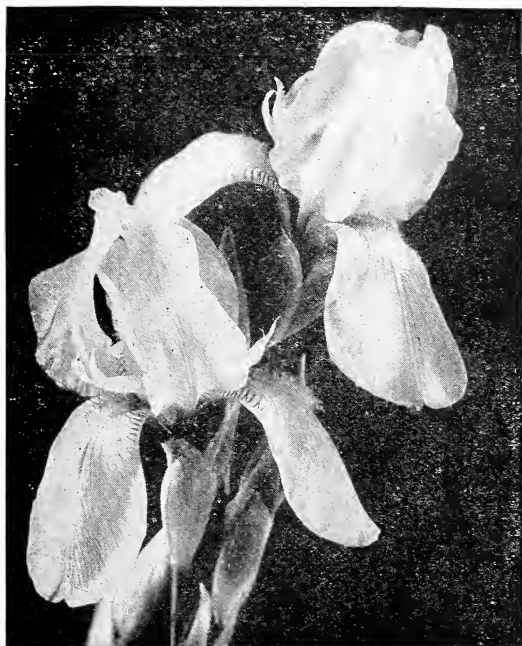
QUEEN OF MAY. S. and F. a soft rose-lilac almost pink. A beautiful tall-growing variety. 32 inches. 25c; 3 for 50c.

AMERICAN BLACK PRINCE. S. soft lilac-purple; F. velvety purple of the richest hue. 25c each; 3 for 50c.

KOCHI. S. and F. both of the deepest, richest purple. One of the very darkest of all Irises. Should be in every collection. 24 inches. 25c; 3 for 50c.

MONSIGNOR. S. richest satiny velvet; F. deep purple-crimson. One of the very best Iris. Extremely large blooms. Season late. 25c; 3 for 50c.

SHERWIN-WRIGHT. Golden yellow. An exceptionally vigorous growing, free blooming German Iris, which puts it ahead of all yellow Iris. The plants grow about 2 feet high, the flowers, which are produced in great profusion are of splendid texture and stand well above the foliage. Their coloring is of a rich golden yellow without markings or shadings. 25c; 3 for 50c.



Mme. Chereau Iris.



Perfection Iris.

LORELEY. S. Canary-yellow; F. creamy white with purple reticulation, blending into purple blotches near the edges. Ends of petals bordered deep canary. Fine. 25c; 3 for 50c.

PERFECTION. 30 inches. Midseason. S. lavender flecked with deeper shade; F. rich velvety lavender. A fine Iris. Has a wonderful amount of bloom to the stalk. Fine. 25c; 3 for 50c.

MME. CHEREAU. 42 inches. Midseason. S. and F. pure white with clear frilled lavender edge. This is undoubtedly the best to date of the frilled varieties. 25c; 3 for 50c.

LOHENGRIIN. 32 inches. S. and F. soft mauve, shading nearly to white. A very tall, strong-growing variety with wide leaves. One of the best of the Pallidas. 25c; 3 for 50c.

ALBERT VICTOR. S. soft blue; F. beautiful lavender. Large and fine. 40 inches. 25c; 3 for 50c.

CAFRICE. 30 inches. S. and F. light purple blending to soft lavender at base of petals. Very fine. 25c; 3 for 50c.

IRIS COLLECTIONS. One each, your selection, six plants, 80c; two each, your selection, 9 varieties, 18 plants, \$2.00.

MIXED IRIS. The very best sorts, \$1.00 per 12; 25 for \$1.50.

The Popular Gladioli

Within recent years American hybridizers have produced Gladioli such as we did not dream of twenty years ago. The flower has become a thing of the most wonderful beauty for the Northern garden.

In cutting Gladioli for the house, it is best to cut the spikes as soon as the first lower flower is open. Placed in water, the remainder will open in the house. Wonderful improvements have been made in the size, color and beauty of these flowers and our list comprises only the best both in mixtures and in named sorts.

For mass color effect, we advise planting from twelve to twenty-five bulbs of a kind. Water freely during the blooming season.

The bulbs should be planted in a trench about five inches deep. They should be removed from the ground before heavy frosts appear, and after drying they should be kept in a cool, dry place where it does not freeze, for the Winter.

Special Offer. Two each of the following six varieties, postpaid, for 70c: Chicago White, Halley, Mrs. Frank Pendleton, Niagara, War and Peace.

BARON HULOT. A very rich, deep indigo blue. The best real blue Gladiolus. Very strong grower. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.

CHICAGO WHITE. A splendid new variety with tall, straight stems nicely filled with well opened flowers. Very early. Flowers pure white with faint lavender streaks on lower petals. 8c each; 80c per doz.; \$5.00 per 100.

CRIMSON GLOW. Extra tall, strong spike with mammoth brilliant crimson flowers. The finest crimson, very handsome. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.

EVELYN KIRTLAND. Very tall, stately flowers, fairly radiating a wonderfully beautiful lustre. Rosy pink, a trifle darker at edges, and becoming shell pink at the center. Bright scarlet blotches on lower petals. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.



Le Marechal Foch Gladioli.



Chicago White.

E. J. SHAYLOR.

Tall, beautiful, pure deep rose-pink. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.

HALLEY. Delicate

salmon - pink, slightly roseate. the lower petals showing a creamy blotch bisected by a red stripe. One of the earliest of bloom. 8c each; 75c per doz.; \$5.00 per 100.

HERADA. Blooms

of immense size on tall, straight spikes. The large blooms are pure mauve, glistering and clear, with deeper markings in throat. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

LE MARECHAL FOCH. Extremely large, light rose-pink and blooms early. The finest cut flower variety that ever came from Holland. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.

MRS. FRANK PENDLETON. A magnificent variety which has been awarded many prizes. Every bud will open up fully in water. Flowers large and well expanded. A lovely flushed salmon-pink; with blood red blotches in the throat. 8c each; 85c per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

MARY PICKFORD. Creamy white throat, soft sulphur-yellow. 12c each; \$1.25 per doz.

NIAGARA. Resembles America in the style of flower on spike, but larger. Color a rich cream deepening to canary-yellow on lower petals. A faint carmine blush at tips of petals and streak of same color in throat, with purple stamens and carmine stigmas, make a lovely combination. 80c each; 8c per doz.

PEACE. A very strong grower often reaching a height of five feet, with a correspondingly long flower spike; pure white with faint lilac markings on lower petals. One of the largest whites. 8c each; 80c per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

SCHWABEN. Extremely showy, both as a cut flower and in the border. The color is pure canary-yellow shaded sulphur, the golden yellow throat slightly blotched with carmine, but so deep as not to interfere with all-yellow general effect. Flower spikes tall and strong, and well set with perfect flowers. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.

WAR. Deep blood red, shaded crimson-black. One of the most desirable of all the large deep reds. 8c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Brand's Special Mixture. Nice blooming size bulbs, 12 for 40c; 25 for 75c; 50 for \$1.40, postpaid.

DAHLIAS

MINA BURGLE. (Decorative). A beautiful deep glowing crimson, known as the finest crimson variety in existence. Long stems and extra free flowering. A variety which attracts universal attention. **Price, each, 30c; 4 for \$1.00.**

HARRY PATRICK. (Decorative). Tall white decorative, a first-class variety. You cannot make a mistake in including one in your collection. **Price, each 25c; 5 for \$1.00.**

LE GRAND MANITOU. (Decorative). One of the showiest and most sensational varieties. Color is deep violet-purple, being splashed, striped and dotted with pure white, making a grand appearance in the garden as well as cut. Large flowers and a very profuse bloomer. **Price, each 25c; 5 for \$1.00.**

MARIE STUDHOLME. (Peony). Delicate, bright, mauve-pink, effectively overlaid with glistening silvery sheen. Unusually beautiful and dainty. **Price, each 30c; 4 for \$1.00.**

QUEEN WILHELMINA. (Peony). Largest and finest of the pure white sorts; excellent for decorative work and unsurpassed as a cut flower. Blossoms produced upon long, graceful stems, well above the foliage. An immense, fluffy flower of pure glistening white, showing its beautiful golden yellow center very prominently, which lends an additional charm to this most beautiful flower. **Price, each 25c; 5 for \$1.00.**

Special Offer. 1 each of the above 5 named varieties for \$1.00; 2 each of the above 5 named varieties for \$1.90.

MIXTURE. Each 15c; 6 for 60c; 1 doz. for \$1.15.

CANNAS

KING HUMBERT. 5 feet. Orchid-flowering. Its flowers measure six inches in diameter, produced in gigantic trusses, a brilliant scarlet with bright red markings; foliage broad and massive, of a rich coppery bronze. One of the very best. **Price, each 18c; 10 for \$1.50, postpaid.**

YELLOW KING HUMBERT. 4-5 feet. New, about the same thing as King Humbert, only that the flowers bloom yellow and the leaves are green. Often the flower is half yellow and half red and even part of the leaves come red on such a stalk. **Price, each 22c; 10 for \$2.00, postpaid.**

FIREBIRD. 4-5 feet. This is by all means the very best of the red-flowered, green-leaved Cannas today. Flowers are borne in immense trusses on strong stalks, well above the leaves. They are of splendid form, round and shapely. **Price, each 25c; 10 for \$2.00, postpaid.**



Bleeding Heart.



Dahlia, Harry Patrick.



King Humbert Canna.

VENUS. 4-5 feet. An exceedingly beautiful variety, at once the most delicate in coloring and texture, and as vigorous and long-seasoned as any Canna grown. Long, erect stems bear trusses of large size, perfect form and ever-clean freshness. The large, oval petals are exquisitely variegated; warm rose-pink, mottled near center, and edged with creamy white. **Price, each 20c; 10 for \$1.60, postpaid.**

MIXED CANNAS. Above varieties. **Price, each 15c; doz. for \$1.50, postpaid.**

TIGER LILY. Our customers always prefer the double form of this handsome native Lily, which blooms in July. **Price, each 20c; 3 for 50c, postpaid.**

LILIUM AURATUM. The favorite and most beautiful of all. Blooms in August and September. Flowers are pure white, spotted and banded with orange; four to eight huge fragrant flowers to each stem. Fine, large bulbs, stock very scarce. **Price, each 40c; 3 for \$1.10, postpaid.**

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY. Everyone knows and loves the Lily-of-the-Valley, favorite plant of the old-fashioned gardens. These plants are perfectly hardy everywhere, though they thrive best in a half-shady, moist location, and spread so rapidly that a good-sized bed may be had from a dozen plants in a few years. Broad, thick foliage, with slender spikes covered with exquisite white flowers, of delicate fragrance, late in May and June. **Price, 6 for 45c; 12 for 80c, postpaid.**

BLEEDING HEART. An old-fashioned flower which has always been a great favorite. It has been very scarce of late years and almost impossible to get. A herbaceous plant with long racemes of graceful, heart-shaped, pink flowers. Foliage is fern-like and dainty. Valuable for planting in the shade. Very hardy and lives year after year. Grows one to two feet tall and blossoms in May. **Price, each, 75c; 3 for \$1.80, not prepaid. By mail, 80c each; 3 for \$2.00.**

Hardy Garden Phlox

This beautiful flower is one of the most desirable of the hardy perennials. They are easy to cultivate, the season of blooming is long, and they furnish a great variety in color. Phlox are extremely effective either as single specimens, in small groups, or in large beds on the lawn. They can be used to good advantage in a border planting in front of shrubbery. From a few shoots many new shoots come up so that in a short time a nice bed of Phlox is permanently provided.

Fraulein Von Lassburg. The purest snow white. The flowers are much larger than any other white variety. Its blooming period is early. The flowers are tall and extra fine. 25c each; 6 for \$1.40, postpaid.

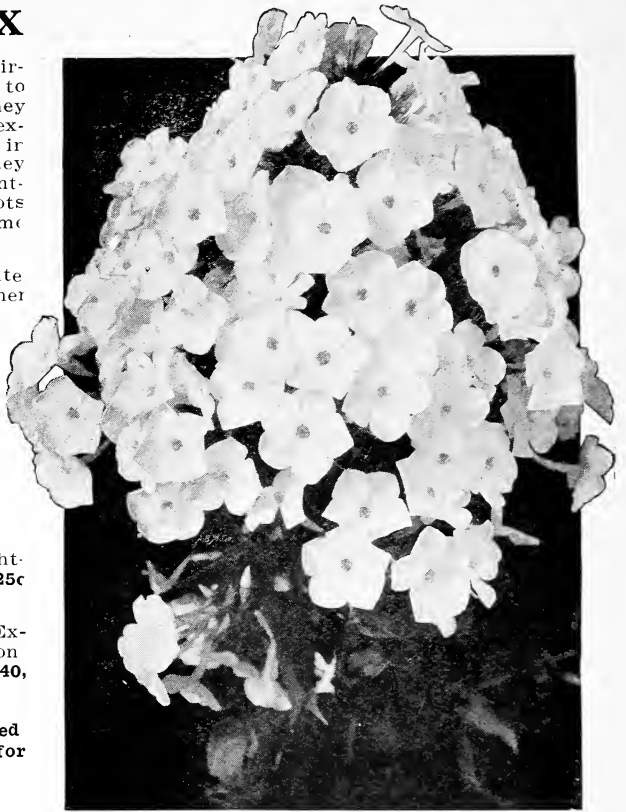
Bridesmaid. White. This is one of the old standard varieties. Grows tall with white flowers and large red-crimson center. 20c each; 6 for \$1.10, postpaid.

R. P. Struthers. An exquisite, bright rosy carmine with claret eye. 20c each; 6 for \$1.10, postpaid.

Eclairer. Brilliant rosy magenta with lighter halo. Fine, profuse blooming variety. 25c each; 6 for \$1.40, prepaid.

Rhineland. A comparatively new variety. Extremely large flowers. A rosy shade of salmon pink with claret red eye. 25c each; 6 for \$1.40, prepaid.

One each of the above 5 varieties, unlabeled for \$1.00; two each of the above 5 varieties for \$1.75, postpaid.



Fraulein Von Lassburg.



Delphinium.

DIGITALIS or Foxglove. Flower lovers are familiar with this old-fashioned variety that should be planted in quantity for best results. Succeeds under all conditions. Blooming period, July and August. The flowers are thimble-shaped and are borne close together on the stalk three to four feet high. Make excellent contrast among shrubbery. Grows well in a shady location. Mixed colors, 25c each; 6 for \$1.30 prepaid.

HOLLYHOCKS. Another one of the old hardy garden plants. Has the widest range of colors among all tall garden flowers. Is very showy. Blossoms produced in abundance on long, towering stalks which grow six to eight feet. Blossoming period, July and August. Plants are extremely hardy, need no protection, but like good, rich soil. Makes an excellent screen for fence or other unsightly places. Double, mixed, 20c each; 6 for \$1.10, prepaid.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). One of the oldest perennials which in the old days was one of the most common sorts. It gives us the greatest abundance of flowers, and utmost variety in tints and shades of blue in June and July. The Larkspur make good border backgrounds. Will thrive in any good garden soil. A sunny exposure is best. Mixed varieties, 25c each; 6 for \$1.40, prepaid.

COREOPSIS. Yellow. Without question the most popular yellow perennial. The flowers are large, golden yellow, of graceful form, invaluable for cutting. Blooming period from June until Autumn. Easy to cultivate. Will grow everywhere. Best in a sunny location. 25c each; 6 for \$1.30, prepaid.



Underwood
Plums.

Nicollet Cherry

A true red, sour Cherry. Hardy for all conditions. Just like Cherries grown in Michigan and Wisconsin, in the moderate sections of the Lake regions. Full description on page 19.



Nicollet Cherries.

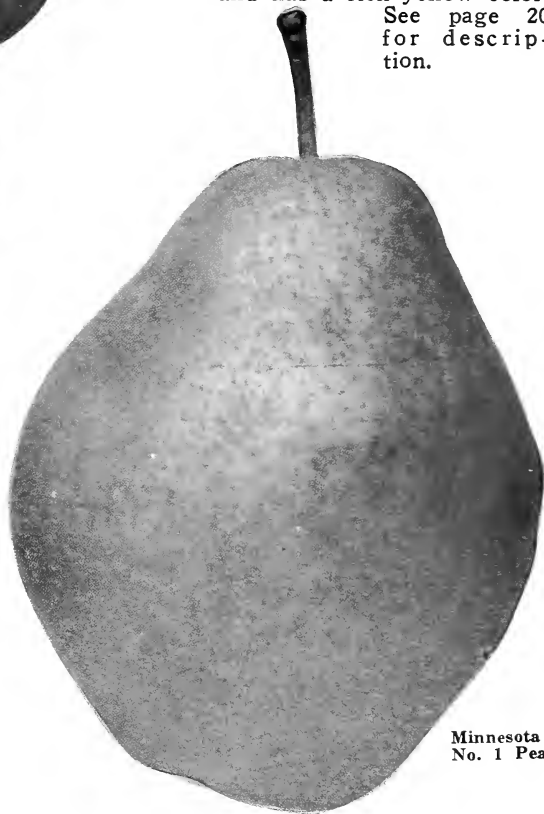
Underwood Plum

Unquestionably one of the best of the New Minnesota Plums. Early, very productive, quality excellent. For complete description see page 15.

Minnesota No. 1 Pear

At last we have a Pear that is hardy for the Northwest. Very free from blight. Fruit is large, excellent flavor and has a rich yellow color.

See page 20
for description.



Minnesota
No. 1 Pear.

*We grow these hardy new varieties suited
to the climatic conditions of the Northwest*

Brand Nursery Company

Faribault, Minn.